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CITY ITEMS.

Headquarters

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, at McClarran's Drug Store.

Young Ladies' Seminary.

The favorable situation of Beaver for schools is admitted. Prof. Taylor, in his Young Ladies' Seminary, offers the best possible literary and musical advantages.

Headquarters

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, at McClarran's Drug Store.

King of Pain

Is sold, wholesale and retail, at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street.

Headquarters

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, at McClarran's Drug Store.

Beaver Female Seminary

And Musical Institute.. Three spacious brick buildings. The ablest faculty to be found connected with any exclusively female school. Next term of fourteen weeks opens September 12, 1865. For catalogues, address Rev. R. F. Taylor, Beaver, Pa.

Headquarters

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, at McClarran's Drug Store.

Pittsburgh Female College.

Fall term commences Tuesday, August 29. In buildings, faculty, patronage and general advantages the college is unequalled by any ladies' school in the State. Special advantages in music. Send to Rev. I. C. Pershing for catalogue.

Headquarters

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, at McClarran's Drug Store.

Irving Collegiate Institute,

A Select Classical School for Ladies and Misses, corner of Beaver st. and Stockton Av., Allegheny. Fall session commences Monday, Sept. 4th. Location unsurpassed. Rooms large and elegantly furnished, with ample grounds attached. Number of pupils limited, and none but those of the most unexceptionable character and habits admitted. No teaching or discipline by assistants. For admission apply in person, to the Principal, Mrs. E. A. Smith, on the premises.

Country Merchants

Call and examine the stock and prices at McClarran's Drug Store.

Fall and Winter Goods.

We wish to inform the public that Wm. Fleming, 139 Wood street, is now prepared to supply his many patrons with Fall and Winter Hats and Caps of any desirable style, both wholesale and retail. He has just opened a large stock, consisting in part of Men's Silk, Beaver, Cassimere, Brush and Felt Hats, and Boy's Beaver and Felt Hats. We respectfully invite all who desire first class goods to compare the goods and prices of the Fashionable Hat House, No. 139 Wood street, with those of other houses.

Remember

McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Curry's Normal Institute.

The next term of this institution will open next Monday. All persons of good natural ability beginning now can complete a course before the next Professional Examination, and the Principal will find good situations for all pupils whose examination will entitle them to a first class certificate. He has thus sent out over 300 pupils during the year, and still the demand is much greater than the supply. Persons wishing to enter regular or advanced classes should procure their tickets immediately.

Co-Partnership.

We are pleased to note the fact that Messrs. Wm. M. Moffett and Geo. R. Coffran, Esqrs., have united in partnership for the practice of law. The gentlemen are well known in their profession, and will attend promptly to all business, at No. 60 Grant street.

For a Bargain

In pure, 98 per cent. Alcohol, go to Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street. Sold cheaper than anywhere else in the city.

Auction Sales.

See advertisement sale of good Furniture, Carpets, &c.; also, Tobacco, Segars, and Soap, on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at McClelland's Auction House, 55 Fifth street.

Western University.

The Fall Term will open on September 4th, with very superior advantages for imparting instruction. Catalogues at Davis, Clarke & Co.'s Book Store, Wood street.

The Physicians of Pittsburgh

And vicinity will meet at the office of Dr. Biddle Arthurs, No. 152 Fourth street, to-day, (Tuesday,) at 12 M. to testify their high appreciation of the worth of the late lamented Dr. Brooks. Many Physicians.

Bates & Bell.

No. 21 Fifth street, have the matchless English Breakfast Shawls. Call and see them, and at the same time do not fail to examine their splendid stock of new Dry Goods.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher.

Dr. J. M. Fulton, No. 67 and 69 Fifth street, is the only authorized person in this city to manufacture this medicine, which is world-wide in its fame. He can also supply the country trade with all Drugs and Patent Medicines at low figures.

Academy.

J. Davis' English, Classic, Mathematical and Commercial Academy, second floor Allegheny Savings Bank, Allegheny, resumes its exercises on Monday, September 4th. Night school commences October 1st.

Azumea Yeast Powders,

The best and purest Baking Powders in use. Sold wholesale by Wm. A. McClurg, Manufacturers' Agent, 13 Wood street.

Emigration South.

Should a large and spontaneous current of emigration set in toward the South, it will be a thing to be wondered at, an anomaly, almost, in the history of modern migrations. Emigration both from the North and South has been mainly Westward. The same attractions which have caused this occidental tendency continue to operate. No new attraction in the South will be likely to produce a cross current of any considerable magnitude. It is time, that very many persons, in the aggregate, were residents of the South, according to the last census, who had been born in other States. But they had one thither; two of men who expect to make their living or their fortunes by personal, practicable labor on farms. For such, as a general thing, the West has still more attractions than the South. The efforts of Emigration Associations will not be likely to cause the removal Southward of this class; but this, and manufacturers with capital, are the classes which are most needed in the Southern States. Common labor is sufficiently abundant there already, if it were well employed and well directed, as it will be, if well paid.

The Hays' Testimonial Fund.

We are requested by Mr. JOHN HARPER to notify the contributors of the HAYS' Testimonial Fund, that a meeting will be held at three o'clock this (Tuesday) afternoon, at the Bank Pittsburgh, to finally adjust all matters connected with this Fund. The contributors are earnestly urged to be in attendance.

Reaction in Virginia.

The Richmond *Republic* regards the election in Henrico county last Thursday as an evidence of a healthy reaction of public sentiment. At a previous election a man who had served in the rebel army as an officer, was elected Commonwealth's Attorney for that County, but the County Court having refused to permit him to qualify, a new election was ordered and his former competitor, JOHN B. YOUNG, who had identified himself with the rebellion, was elected by a large majority. We are glad to note a change in Southern sentiment, and hope it may become general. It would materially aid in the important work of reconstruction.

THE ST. LOUIS CONFERENCE OF THE M. E. CHURCH.—The eighteenth session of this ecclesiastical body convened in St. Louis on Wednesday, the 23d inst., at Centenary Church—Bishop J. Kavanaugh, D. D., of the State of Kentucky, presiding.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. II. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29, 1865. NO. 297.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Speech of Montgomery Blair.

REBELS ASKING PARDON.

Reduction of Volunteer Medical Force

Jeff. Davis Denouncing his Coadjutors.

Massacre of Indians in Colorado.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, August 28.

The Speech of Montgomery Blair.

Attacking Seward and Stanton, is his beginning of the campaign as a candidate for Congress in the Western Shore of Maryland District. As mentioned some time ago in these dispatches, this district is at present represented by Benjamin Harris, unequivocally rebel, whom the last Congress pronounced an unconstitutional member. Three-fourths of the voters in the District are rebels, and are now disfranchised by the Maryland registry law. This law Mr. Blair proposed in his speech to have repealed. The Chairman of the meeting at which he spoke voted last fall for McClellan and Pendleton, and the mass of his hearers were McClellan men or rebels disfranchised by the registry law.

Mrs. R. M. Hunter

Was escorted to the White House this morning by Secretary Seward, and through his influence obtained a private interview with the President relative to the release of her husband, who is desirous of leaving the country forever.

Ex-Governor Brown, of Georgia, and A. H. Stephens' brother-in-law have succeeded in obtaining an audience with the President. The object of their visit was to obtain the release from confinement of the Rebel Vice President. The President listened attentively to what they had to say, and at the close he politely informed them that he had not yet decided on the matter, and that when he did he would let them know.

It is a noticeable fact that

Female Pardon Brokers

Are becoming less numerous and less pertinacious than they were previous to the raid made upon them by the newspapers, and on pardon brokers in general by the President.

The Volunteer Medical Force

Was still further reduced to-day by the mustering out of twenty-one Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons. Surgeon Thomas M. Getty, U. S. N., has been assigned to duty as Medical Director of the Department of Arkansas.

On officer on General Grant's staff, who recently had an interview with the rebel ex-President, says that

Jeff. is Furious

In his denunciations of Hunter and Stephens, whom he accuses of deliberately betraying the Southern cause into the hands of the Yankees. "Had these two men," said Jeff., "representing, as they did, the weak-kneed conservative sentiment in the South, stood firm, the Southern cause would have triumphed." Jeff. appears to be perfectly indifferent as to his fate, but still he does not think that the full punishment for his crimes will be visited upon him. He told the officer that he had less care upon his mind and felt easier than he did when he was President of the Confederacy.

Since the commencement of the rebellion Ohio has furnished to the Medical Volunteer Staff of the army forty-five surgeons and assistant surgeons, twenty of whom are still in service. This, of course, does not include the regimental surgeons.

Last January, General Curtis, commanding the Department of Kansas, was ordered by General Halleck to convene a

Military Commission in Colorado

for the investigation of Colonel Chivington's conduct in the massacre of Indians at Sand Creek, in that Territory. Officers on duty in Colorado were detailed for the purpose, and they assembled at Denver City, allowed Chivington to be present to cross-question witnesses introduced in behalf of the Government and introduce evidence in his defense. The report of The commission was then delivered to the District commander at Denver, to be by him sent through the regular military channels to the War Department. The report which should have been received here months ago, has not yet arrived, and it is believed that the report has been destroyed. This failure to receive the report may account for the fact that the War Department has taken no official action to bring Chivington to trial for his outrageous conduct at Sand Creek.

Two Virginia rebels of the twenty thousand dollar class, were amnestied to-day by the President.

Highly Interesting.

Whereabouts of Prominent Rebels.

Efforts in Behalf of Mrs. Davis

THE STRENGTH OF THE ARMY.

Sensational Report Contradicted.

THE DEATH OF GEN. CROCKER.

NEW YORK, August 28.—John C. Breckinridge, late Secretary of War of the Confederacy, is expected to arrive in Canada within a few days, and Mr. Mason, Commissioner of the Confederacy, in London, Greenhow, Cuthbert, Magrudew and soon are now residing in the city of New York.

The *Times* says: A subscription is in circulation in Richmond for the relief of Mrs. Davis and family, who, it is said, are in reduced circumstances. So far the effort has met with very liberal response, and the probability is that enough will be raised to supply them with all they need.

The *World's* Washington special says that the number of officers and men in the volunteer army does not exceed forty-six thousand, though published estimates put it at much higher figures.

The sensation reports about a Minister from Maximilian to President Johnson, presenting himself to the Secretary of state with a letter of condolence on the death of President Lincoln, and being politely bowed out, conveys as much information to the State Department as to the public. Nothing is known here of any such Minister, any such letter or any such interview.

The *Herald's* special says: Mrs. Gen. Crocker passed the railroad connections at Chicago and Pittsburgh, and failed to arrive in this city until this morning. She is nearly distracted in consequence of her bereavement, but has been kindly attended by Mrs. Secretary Harlan and other ladies. The proprietors of Willard's Hotel have acted magnanimously. Mr. Crocker's body was embalmed at their expense before Mrs. Crocker reached here, and all bills for attendance during his illness have been presented here and receipted in full. The stricken wife will probably start on her return trip to Iowa by to-morrow evening's train. Free transportation and a small military escort will be furnished by the War Department, on an order from the headquarters of the Army of the United States.

RAILROAD COLLISION.

Four or Five Killed and Several Injured.

NEW YORK, August 28.—A collision occurred this morning, on the Long Island Railroad, about ten o'clock, near Jamalca. The two engines "General Grant" and "General Sherman," attached to their respective trains, were smashed. The conductors of both trains escaped uninjured. Four or five persons were killed and a number injured.

Philadelphia Volunteer Refreshment Saloons.

PHILADELPHIA, August 28.—The Philadelphia Volunteer Refreshment Saloons closed at noon to-day, after having, during four years and three months, entertained all the soldiers passing through the city, numbering 1,200,000 persons, without expense to the soldiers or the Government. The Union Saloon will, however, still be used to entertain returning veterans as long as there are funds in the treasury.

Paroled Rebel Generals Preparing to Leave the Country.

NEW YORK, August 28.—The *World's* special says the order relative to passports for paroled rebel prisoners, is the signal for a general emigration of prominent rebels led by General Lee, who will go to London and there finish his history of his military campaigns. Among others preparing to go, are Gens. Longstreet, Ewell, Beauregard, D. H. Hill, Wheeler, Malone, Buckner and Gardner, and it is probable they will be accompanied by hundreds of others of lesser rank.

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

Oil Creek and Pithole Affairs

Yield and Prospects of Greene County

Progress in the Blairsville Region.

Miscellaneous Oil Items.

The celebrated Coquette well, after stopping, resuming and again ceasing its flow is now a pumping well, yielding about one hundred barrels per day. Although this is two-thirds less than the well was flowing, it is still sufficient to pay a handsome dividend to its owners. It is stated that the owners of the Coquette intend to commence sinking a new well immediately. The Ocean Oil Company of Philadelphia struck a thirty barrel flowing well on the Stevenson Farm on Friday last. It is reported that a fifty barrel well has been struck on the Skinner farm, located about one mile east of the Noble well, on the ridge dividing Bull Run and Cherry Run, and descending easterly to Pithole. This well was over 800 feet in depth and in the fifth sand rock when it struck oil as reported. An interesting development has been made in a well on Trout Run, 620 feet deep, owned by Maj. Mills and others. At this point a crevice was struck, that releases an unusual quantity of gas. Such was the pressure at the time the water overflowed the pipling, several feet high, and is now agitating the water so furiously, as to be heard several rods off. With the show of oil, and such extra quantities of gas, there is a strong probability that this will be a good well, and that Trout Run will soon equal Church Run in producing oil. It seems to be an established fact, that by drilling the wells deeper, it will invariably increase the production.

From Pithole creek we learn that well No. 101 continues to gain by steady pumping. No. 101 is just in the third sandstone and has a very good show. No. 97 is pumping 275 barrels inside of two weeks. The tubing is again out of No. 7 and the well will probably be drilled deeper. This must be the cause of its not producing, for there certainly is oil there. No. 8 is pumping, and though not a very big well, is increasing rapidly. No. 8 is yielding fifteen barrels and increasing daily. No. 10 is 840 feet deep and just through the third sandstone and has a fine show. Tanks are now being built at this well. No. 7, Hyner farm, was being drilled deeper.

Present and Prospective Strikes on Dunkard.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

DUNKARD CREEK, PA., August 22, 1865.

The news from Dunkard is still of the most encouraging character; new strikes are being constantly made, and each one seems more promising than its predecessor. On the Kassart farm, near Taylortown, a very promising strike was made on Thursday, I believe, in the Big Pareka well, belonging to the Eureka Oil Company, and managed by Mr. Macauley. The other wells in this neighborhood are rising in public estimation, and wells heretofore regarded as very unsafe investments, owing to late developments, have greatly risen not only in public estimation, but, what is still more important, in the stock market.

The Wilkins, or "Good Luck," is now pumping, and though there is an unusual quantity of water, both salt and fresh, to exhaust, the indications, or rather the presence of oil, cannot be doubted. A few moments ago, I saw a bucketfull of the water which came from the tubing, and after standing a few moments it was completely covered with a fine coating of oil, although it was continuing to be expelled in spite of all contrivance with her, as the pumping had only been commenced and the quantity of water to be exhausted is immense. The Forrest well, together with Pithole and Oil Creek, after carefully examining the oil in the tank and the flow of water, said it reminded him more of the wells on Pithole than any he had seen since leaving that now famous region.

I was fortunate enough a day or two ago to find a gentleman who was present when and at the location of the celebrated Elliott oil spring, on Dunkard creek, of which so much has been said and written, and who has spent many long and tedious walk up the Southern banks of the creek, we crossed over and just below the first Pioneer well, an influential Pittsburgh or Allegheny gentleman, whose name I will not now write, has been very successful in sinking and working his wells, among which is the "Horse-power" well. Then, in the most best producing wells on Dunkard, we found the oil spring. My friend raised a stone, and immediately the black oil would rise to the top of the water, and the oil spreading out and catching the reflection of the evening sun formed a combination of gorgeous tints and delicate shades that would baffle the competent artists, and could only be equalled by the heaven-born tints of the rainbow. After noting the rising of the oil and its appearance, he remarked that at that point, I observed that oil was floating down past us. At first we thought it came from the well, higher up the river, but on examination found it was from our having disturbed the oil and displaced a few loose stones on entering the creek. So plentiful was both gas and oil that it was impossible to light a match, or even strike a finger without causing it to rise. It is a remarkable fact that this spring, within a few minutes walk of the Monongahela river, the very centre of the oil interest here, should be so little known. I doubt whether there are five oil men here that could even direct a stranger to the place.

The irrepressible Robert Davis, tried a new gas arrangement on the Elliott No. 2 or Seaton well. The light was of great advantage to the electrician, but unfortunately distances the flow, and added a cheerful feature to a not particularly attractive landscape. We have a saying down here that "Where there is Bob, there is hold of anything, it must come on the "Bullwheel" break.

The "Lone Star," the well of which I spoke in a former letter, as being in such a secluded and almost unapproachable ravine, has had an excellent strike. Oil is being constantly raised in the sand pump, and as it is a good depth and other indications favorable, much is expected from the "Lone Star" and the "Angel."

An excellent strike was made at the mouth of Rocky Run, and for a time, and perhaps yet, it is a flowing well. Oil of an excellent quality and in large quantities was struck, but it is difficult to get the right kind of bottles here, or I would send you specimens of all new and important strikes. Mr. Dunlap has commenced sinking a new well on the Ross farm, and as he knows how to put down the well, and the territory is known to be good, it is considered here a most promising enterprise.

The last excitement, and greatest, however, is the Rowland Well, immediately in front of the Sperry House. All the strangers who have been to Dunkard will know the locality. Oil was struck at the depth of one hundred and forty feet, and after flowing freely several times, the tubing was put down, and at the depth of one hundred and sixty feet she has produced about twenty barrels. Last evening she threw a stream of oil the full size of the tubing, so that it became necessary to get a larger tank from another well, as it was impossible to barrel and save the oil with the tank they had. When the engine stopped the well continued flowing, and the gentleman in charge was kind enough to stop it once to enable us to see it flow. What she will eventually produce is impossible to predict with any degree of accuracy. Mr. Alfred Shepherdson, the contractor, has been very successful, as the celebrated Ash Well, on the Tibbs farm, of which he is one of the owners, is a splendid well. I was not aware of it at the time. More anon.

ZINGARO.

THE BLAIRSVILLE OIL REGIONS.

A correspondent furnishes his observations of a tour through the Blairsville oil regions:—There are three wells being bored in the Blairsville oil regions, the first in order is the "Baird Well," situated about two miles from Blairsville, on the Westmoreland side of the Conemaugh river. Down four hundred and ninety-five feet, and oil in small quantities discovered. The next is the "Eagle Well," of the Sirwell company, situated about three hundred yards beyond the "Baird Well." The same sign of oil here. Down five hundred and fifteen feet, and indications of oil at one hundred and twenty-seven feet, when fifteen or twenty gallons of the fluid substituting oil were gathered. On the 15th and 16th instant, the gas threw oil and water some six feet above the top of the well. At this writing it is down to the "Big rock;" the manager is confident as soon as he is through this rock that oil in large quantities will be struck. Now, they will put in a 10 per cent, which is too strong to manufacture without fire; being mixed with fresh water. Twenty barrels of salt per day could be made from the water found. The third and last "Burning Spring well," of the Pottsville, Conemaugh & Mahoning oil company, situated 220 yards below the "Face Well." Down 266 feet, struck the Fitsburgh vein of coal; at 10, struck a vein of black shale, 6 feet, mixed with oil; then struck a bastard limestone 6 feet, which then struck a soft shale of soapstone, with gas, and strong indications of oil; then struck a cannel coal vein about 3 feet thick; then a vein of sand 15 feet thick, and then through veins of various kinds. Are now 18 feet into a hard blue rock.

Miscellaneous.

A new well on the Roberts Farm, on French creek, above the mouth of Sugar creek, is producing twenty barrels. There is also a new well on Sugar creek, near the Shippen well, reported at forty barrels.

The Crowell well, at Frederick, Ohio, on the upper Mahoning, is now pumping and yielding from two to three barrels per day of oil equal to the Mecca oil, and worth, in its crude state, about $40 per barrel for refining purposes, although $20 per barrel for refining made to sink other wells in the immediate neighborhood.

An old salt well, bored thirty or forty years ago, in the town of Sharon, Beaver county, but which was abandoned on account of "grease" in the water, is now being reamed out in search of the said "grease," by a New York company. The well was originally some seven hundred and twenty feet deep, and is now reamed to the depth of eight hundred and fifty.

An oil well has been sunk at Old Brighton, Beaver county, to the depth of five hundred feet or thereabouts, and now exhibits a good show of oil along with a heavy jet of gas and flow of salt water. Some accident to the machinery is delaying proceedings. Many gallons of oil of excellent quality are "laying around loose" on top of the water in the tank at this well.

A Pittsburgh company are boring for oil on Dr. Armstrong's farm, in Captina, Belmont county, Ohio, about ten miles from the Ohio river, and at the depth of two hundred and fifty feet, can save from the drawing up of the sand pump, about one barrel of good oil per day.

The Mining and Petroleum Exchange of St. Louis is now organized for business at half past seven o'clock P. M., on Mondays and Thursdays, until otherwise ordered. Mr. Charles H. Howland was elected secretary of the association, and the Hon. C. C. Simmons chosen for treasurer.

The Butler Oil Company has been organized with the following officers: President, Jacob Zeigler; Vice President, William Campbell; Treasurer, I. J. Cummings; Secretary, L. Z. Mitchell; Directors, John Berg, W. O. Breckinridge, Charles McCandless, John N. Purviance, Milton Henry; Superintendent, H. J. Klingler. The company has four engines in operation and are progressing very favorably with the work of boring. If there is oil in Butler county these gentlemen will find it.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of Saturday says: "At a depth of three hundred and fifty feet below the surface oil has been found in the 'Beeson well,' situated in Ray county, Missouri, eight miles north of Richmond, the county seat. This oil is said to be of excellent quality. As yet, however, the well is not flowing. The oil is pumped up, but as gas is emitted freely, the owners believe they will soon reach a point which will yield flowing oil. Oil has also been found on the surface three miles east of this point, of a bright yellow color. The borings in Lafayette county, at the McCandless well, show indications of oil which induce the belief that they will also soon get flowing oil at this point. These are the only points where borings have been attempted in the range of this great coal basin in West Missouri, and the success is certainly very flattering to those who have invested money in the undertaking.

On Tuesday morning of last week the Duck Creek Valley Oil Co., of Pittsburgh, struck a flowing Oil well, near Macksburg, Washington county, Ohio. The gas escaped largely, and a man approaching with a lantern set it on fire, burning his hands, face and some other things. An informant says he saw it flow five barrels of oil within five minutes.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

A subscription for the family of Jeff. Davis is meeting with much success in Richmond.

There is no truth in the report that the negro troops are to be disbanded.

President Johnson regards Governor Wells, of Louisiana, in no other capacity than that of Provisional Governor.

It is thought that Generals Lee, Beauregard, and Dick Taylor will leave the country under the late order of the President.

The New Creek bridge on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad has been completed, and trains are running.

Last week $6,521,100 of certificates of indebtedness, and $60,200 of fractional currency were redeemed.

Governor Brough of Ohio is much worse. There are now no hopes of his recovery, and death may occur at any moment.

The Petersburg Railroad Company has contracted for rebuilding the bridge across the James river at a cost of $125,000.

Eighty-five miles of the Union Pacific Railroad, west of Omaha, is graded, and will be ready for the iron November 1st.

A proposition to have evening markets twice a week is before the Wheeling Councils with every prospect of its success.

"Adah Isaacs Menken, A. M." is out in a card in the New York *Herald* denying the report of her marriage to one of the Davenport brothers.

The rebel General Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, who refused to submit to the surrender of Joe. Johnston, applied for parton Saturday.

Jeff. Davis told an officer from Washington, who visited him last week, that he never heard of Wirz until he was arrested, and that he knew not think that cruel man. Winder was capable of the atrocities charged against him.

The loyal residents of the four counties constituting the Seventh Congressional District of Virginia, met at Winchester on Friday, and nominated George E. Lennessey for Congress, and William H. Smith for State Senator.

Dr. John R. Woods is a candidate for Congress in the Sixth District of Virginia. The *Republic* says that Dr. Woods is a gentleman who, while he is possessed of fine ability, and that he would be acceptable to the Administration members of Congress.

The Buffalo *Express* says: We understand the petit jury of the United States District Court have been dismissed by Judge Hall from Colchester to witness one of his sessions at an early day. Sunday is mentioned by Colchester. He seems to be irrepressible even after defeat.

The Washington *Intelligencer* says—We understand that Gov. J. Madison Wells, of Louisiana, proposes to settle the labor question by encouraging negro emigration from America to Africa and importing others in their places, who shall serve under a sort of compensated apprenticeship system.

A defalcation of $60,000 in the accounts of a bookkeeper, in a prominent wholesale establishment in Boston, has been discovered. It is stated that his salary was $1,500 per annum, and that he commenced his defalcations at the time, with his furniture, his employers have attached. No names are given.

A meeting of two hundred oystermen took place in Norfolk a few days since for the purpose, as the call reads, "of taking some action in regard to the infringement of State oyster laws. They adopted a petition to Gov. Pierpont asking for the protection of laws of the State regulating the oyster trade.

The Directors of the North Western Agricultural Society, at their meeting in Wheeling, on Saturday, determined to have a stock exhibition on the Island on the 10th, 11th, 12th and 17th days of October. The grounds will be immediately thoroughly renovated and fitted up, and the half mile track will be remeasured and improved. The most liberal premiums will be offered.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION OF GEORGIA.—The Episcopal Convention of Georgia met at Athens on the 12th. On the second day the committee made a report on the Bishop's address with reference to reunion with the Northern Church.

The committee express their great anxiety for such a reunion, and their pleasure at the receipt of information of the presiding Bishop of the United States to send delegates to the General Council. They submitted two resolutions.

The first resolution declares that the Diocese of Georgia will resume its connection with the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States whenever the Bishop considers such a course consistent with the good faith which this Diocese owes to the Bishop in the late Confederate States.

The second resolution provides that deputies shall be elected to the General Council of the Church in the Southern States, with the understanding that if, in the judgment of the Bishop, any contingency shall arise to render a representation in the General Convention of the United States necessary, the same deputies shall attend that body.

The report and resolutions were adopted.

ARREST OF CAPTAIN BROWN OF THE "HARD TIMES."—The Wheeling *Register* yesterday says: Capt. Perry Brown, of the steamer Hard Times, was last evening arrested and taken before the Justice the Peace, A. N. Johnson, who held him to bail in the sum of one thousand dollars, for resisting the civil law and kidnapping Deputy Sheriff W. H Irwin.

It will be recollected that the Saturday before the Deputy Sheriff went on board the "Hard Times" at Wheeling, to collect a claim, just as the boat was ready to start for this city. Before he had an opportunity to communicate with Captain Brown, the boat pushed out, and he was brought down an unwilling passenger to Pittsburgh. As the claim was promptly paid, and there was no intention to do the officer an injury, the prosecution of Capt. Brown cannot be regarded as a very serious affair.

DEMAND FOR FREEDMEN.—A managing director of an Influential company in France, formed under the auspices of the French Government, engaged in developing the resources of French Guiana, in South America, applied to the Bureau of Freedmen to know if it is possible to obtain a large number of the freedmen of the South to go to Kayanne with their families, where they would be well fed and treated, and where prejudice of caste is not so strong against them as in this country. No action has yet been taken on this proposition.

MORE CAPTURES BY THE SHENANDOAH.—The ships James Maury and Nile, which been captured and boarded by the pirate, arrived at San Francisco August 2, with crews of the following additional vessels captured by the Shenandoah, about June 28:—Ships Nassau, Brunswick, Hillman, Waverly, Martha second, Congress second, of New Bedford; Favorite, of Fairhaven; Covington, of Warren, R. I. The vessels were all captured in the vicinity of Behring's straits. The war steamer Saranac has been sent to cruise for the pirate.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

THE WIRZ TRIAL.

HE IS DESERTED BY HIS COUNSEL.

Further Important Disclosures.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, August 28.

The fresh desertion of

Captain Wirz

to-day by his counsel intensifies the general feeling that decency and justice now alike require the court to assign able and loyal counsel to the prisoner, and that then every sentiment of professional honor will require the counsel to stand by their client and do their best for him.

Schode and Baker, who after having volunteered in the case and to-day deserted it, are third-rate attorneys, and Schode, at least, is regarded as disloyal as well as nearly ignorant of the English language. Baker has been exceedingly insolent to the Court several times, and had attempted to display the same style of manners that became so disgracefully conspicuous recently in the Mary Harris trial before Judge Wylie.

The last passage between him and the Court to-day, was during the examination of Boston Corbett who was testifying to something he had not seen. Baker peremptorily and insultingly ordered him to stop; but Corbett continuing, explained that he could not see the outrage in the question because it was dark, but that he heard the blows falling and recognized Wirz's voice. Baker, however, continued interrupting, and tried to prevent Corbett from making this statement on the ground that it was hear-say evidence.

The court rebuked him, and he thereupon refused to cross-examine further, and after the examination of a few witnesses, threw up the case. Baker was clearly in the wrong, and the Copperhead attempt to excuse this desertion of the prisoner on the ground that the court is so arbitrary, will prove a signal failure.

By Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, August 28.—The Wirz Military Commission reassembled this morning.

Mr. Thomas Alcock, a British prisoner at Andersonville, testified as to Wirz assaulting and taking from him $160 in gold, and $200 in greenbacks, and a breastpin and watch, which were never returned. He saw Wirz kill a weak man by shooting him with a revolver, merely because he asked to take a little fresh air. The witness for denouncing this act of brutality was fastened with a ball and chain, but got loose and made his escape.

Captain Corbett gave his account of the Andersonville prison, representing it to be a depository of filth. Men were lying around there in the most horrible condition. Thousands died, he believed, from the effects of lice, maggots and flies, gathered in his sores. The food was insufficient even when the prisoners received double rations. The witness testified to his own experience of being chased by bloodhounds.

Two brothers named Brown having been examined and testified to instances of cruelty by Capt. Wirz, the counsel for the prisoner, Lieutenant Schode, declined to cross-examine by the Court, abandoned the case and retired.

The Cross-examination of Robert H. Kellogg was resumed. He entered the service of the United States service on the 15th of March, 1862, and was discharged on the 1st of June, 1865.

Question.—Were you at any other prison than Andersonville?

Answer.—I was at Charleston and Florence.

Question.—Was the treatment at those places materially different from that at the Andersonville prison?

Judge Advocate Chapman objected.

Mr. Baker.—I thought any question so little out of the way that no objection would be made.

Judge Advocate.—This manner of cross-examination will not be tolerated. If the counsel persists, I ask for the enforcement of the rule that the counsel be liable to arrest.

Mr. Baker.—The intention of my question was to show that the treatment of prisoners was different from that of other prisons.

Judge Advocate.—That is a part of your defense, but it is not proper in the cross-examination.

Mr. Baker.—The indictment charges Captain Wirz with acting contrary to the laws and usages of war. This is the gist of the whole charge. No matter what the laws and usages were, or how they suffered, if we show nothing was done contrary to the laws and usages of war then the man cannot be guilty as we think.

Judge Advocate.—The question is improper. There is no evidence as to the treatment in other prisons.

The court sustained the objection.

Cross-examination was resumed and long continued. The witness said the prisoners died because the men sent out to cut the wood were strongly guarded, they would overpower the guards, and then escape to the woods if they had not attempted to shake their escape. The proper guard for a squad of twenty men would be six armed corporal and six men. The witness saw Capt. Wirz kill a man with a revolver because that Capt. Wirz prevented the men from going out to cut wood. He knew that the men dug swallow holes with whatever tools they could find—knives, old canteens, and tin plates and spoons. The water of the wells was foul. There was not room enough to dig the graves in which were needed, the space was required for living men. He never saw Capt. Wirz order or take away from the prisoners anything which contributed to their comfort. Wirz, Gibbs and Bell, the police regulations might have been better. On one occasion Captain Wirz did him a kindness. He had been in the habit of going to the gate out there, and Captain Wirz asked the means of his recovering it. Did not himself know, from his own observation, of any inhuman or wilful act of Wirz.

Thomas C. Alcock was sworn, and testified he was captured and sent to Andersonville prison on some part of December, 1864. On arriving there, he was searched by Captain Wirz, the prisoner whom he now recognized, at the bar, who took from him his belt containing $150 in gold, $200 in greenbacks, a jackknife, a breastpin and gold ring, and his pocket book. Those were never returned to him. On one occasion a weak man asked Capt. Wirz to let him go out for some fresh air; Wirz asked him what he meant, and turning round pulled a revolver out of his pocket and shot him down; the man died two or three hours afterwards. In those spoke in condemnation of this act to Wirz he said he would be served in the same place. Witness replied he was not afraid of it. Wirz then called a corporal and two guards who put witness in the stockade. He gradually worked at the ball and chain, freed himself of the weight, and then made his escape. The man that was killed was named Bright, and belonged to the Eighth Ohio Cavalry. The prisoners would sometimes get water from the stream or look by attaching vessels to the end of poles. While doing so they were often fired at with shell.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baker. Question—Why did you not report this to the Court?

Answer—I captured it at Jackson, Miss.

Mr. Baker.—And Captain Wirz captured it from you? Had you a right to do so?

Witness.—No. (Laughter.)

Mr. Baker.—That is your opinion."

The Witness on being further interrogated, said he found the gold and watch in the woods. A negro showed him where the money was. Did not know to whom it belonged. Witness was a native of Ohio. Left Ohio in 1861, when he joined a regiment from that State. The man to whom he had referred as having been killed by Wirz, went up previously to Wirz and asked the Captain in a friendly way, and asked that he might go out of the crowd to get some fresh air. Capt. Wirz asked abruptly what he meant. The man murmured, when Wirz said in the Dutch language, "Look out." The man was only a few paces distant, face to face, when Wirz drew his pistol and shot the man, who died in a few minutes from effect of the wound. Witness remained at the prison two months after the man was shot.

Sergeant Ransom, sworn, testified that he was in the United States service; was captured at Centreville, and conveyed to Andersonville, where he arrived in July. Before he and his companions entered the stockade they were divided into detachments. He was exceedingly thirsty, and asked a man near Captain Wirz for a drink of water. The man struck him a stick in the stockade, and asked the Lieutenant of the squad whether he could not be sent to the hospital. Lieutenant Barrows replied that he could not be done till to-morrow, and that he must go along with the others. After he entered the stockade he found nine of his company, six of whom had been in the hospital. Only two remained alive. Within two months six of these men died. Of fourteen men who were taken to Andersonville with him he was the only one living. Barrows was one of them. When he reached there he saw the forts and guns. He noticed several men near the headquarters in chains with balls attached, exposed to the heat of the sun. He still bore the marks of the sun by exposure, on his shoulders. He had seen the stocks but did not remember of having seen any persons in them. The dead line was a slight wooden structure some three or four feet in height running twelve or fifteen feet from the stockade. The place where the stream entered the stockade was broken down; he had seen men shot and killed at the line. The prison was in a horrible condition of filth. The swamp on each side of the stream was so offensive, and the stench so great, that he wondered how any man there did not die. He believed it was the cause of the death of many of our men. The maggots were a foot deep. When the witness was sick in the stockade no medicine was given him. They, however, gave him sour milk and water, and called it vinegar. The sick men were carried out at the south gate, a space seven rods wide, while waiting to be carried out. In regard to moving the dead, four men were assigned to that duty, and in return were allowed to bring in wood, which, if they chose, they could sell inside for a dollar. They became so hardened that they would say "that's right, sell off a dead man for wood." Hounds were kept to hunt and recapture those who attempted to escape. Prisoners were allowed to go out in certain numbers to collect wood. The witness told his comrades that the first time he got out of the stockade he would try to escape. He made the attempt, and was hunted, but not immediately found. He lay concealed an hour or two; heard the yelping of the hounds in the distance, then nearer and nearer. They came so close as actually to rub his nose, and then made a circle around him until the hunter came up. The hunter or soldier said the witness must go with them. The soldier said the old Captain told him to make the dogs tear him (the witness,) but having once been a prisoner himself, he felt for those in the same condition. When witness was brought before Wirz, the latter asked the soldier why he did not make the dogs tear him, when he replied, "I guess the dogs hurt him enough." Wirz then ordered the witness to be taken back to the stockade.

The Court here took a recess till two o'clock.

On reassembling, the examination of witness was resumed, as follows: He thought that in September or October a large number of men, two or three hundred, were taken from the stockade to work outside on a building said to be designed for the hospital. The same number of men had been employed cutting wood. They might have built comfortable quarters. The men would

The Daily Commercial

TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery.

SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL.
of Cambria.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, JR., Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS B. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFFER, Upper St Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANKS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, Chartiers Township.

The True Interest.

The Southern people, we fear, are not pursuing the course which the logic of events suggests as the best one for them. That they are enfeebled and impoverished to a great extent, by the wild and wicked policy into which their ambitious leaders betrayed them, they do not deny nor, since the close of hostilities, attempt to conceal. Yet, although feeling the pressure of these considerations, they do not appear to be emancipated from the malign influence of demagogues, which has already brought them to the verge of political, social and financial ruin. A set of politicians, many of them as yet in the pin-feather state, appear in public meetings, imitating the crow of those veteran cocks whose necks have been wrung in the rebellion which they raised. If the people were true to their own interests they would turn a deaf ear to the nonsense which these men utter, and would set about repairing the damages which those of the same sort, and of higher ability, have done them.

If they wish for the return and the increase of prosperity to their desolated portion of the country, they must seek it, by their own honest exertions, in the field of industry, enterprise and peace. The agricultural wealth of their fields requires, for its development, only labor and care. Labor can be had for wages, without investment in it as capital. Hence the poor have an opportunity for making a start, under more favorable competition with the rich, than was possible under the slave system. The down-trodden whites, therefore, may reap a lasting and substantial benefit from the emancipation of the blacks, which they have been taught to regard with horror and aversion. Manufacturing operations, also, may be carried on in the South, with all the advantages that accompany them in the North, and some in addition. This opens up, if they will avail themselves of it, a new and lucrative field of enterprise, and, at the same time, a pathway to independence, of a far better sort than their false leaders proposed and attempted to furnish by the late bloody insurrection.

But we fear they will not enter on the pathway of their true interests, while they listen to the incendiary harangues of the apprentice politicians who still spout their treason at county meetings, and through county papers at the South. The feelings of the loyal people, all the country over, are only those of friendship and good will to the people of the South. Their past delusions are pitied and will soon be forgotten, their past wrongs will be forgiven, when they shall indicate an honest purpose to pursue their own true interest, in the persecution of lawful industry, in the maintenance of order, and in the cultivation of amity and brotherhood with their fellow citizens of the Union. Politics, of the sort they have had, has been the cause of their ruin, and it cannot restore them to a true position of manhood, freedom and independence. We but reiterate the sentiments of the Northern people when we express sincere regard for their welfare and suggest their true interest to their consideration.

Gradually Developing.

We have frequently observed indications in the Democratic press of an intention on the part of that party to repudiate the National debt in the event of its accession to power, and we have called attention repeatedly to the fact in the COMMERCIAL. A more unequivocal declaration of this purpose we copy from the Cincinnati *Enquirer*:—

We shall never have an honest and economical Government until we reduce the taxes. We are at present collecting from the people, impoverished by the war, more than three hundred millions of dollars a year for the support of the Federal Government. In Democratic days seventy millions was sufficient. The Democracy managed to administer affairs without income taxes and without any internal revenue whatever. The only Federal taxes were duties upon customs. What say the people to the repeal of the income tax and other obnoxious features of the internal revenue extortion? If they are for it they will oust the present party from power.

There is not more than one man in five outside the State prison capable of writing such stuff, and we apprehend that that one is guilty of the above. It is an invitation to the people of the country to abolish the taxes in order that the National debt may be repudiated. To accomplish this purpose the present party in power must be ousted, and the repudiating Copperhead Democracy substituted. Considering the fact that there would have been no war had it not been for the treason of the Democracy, such declarations as the above are shameless villainies. It argues no virtue in that party to say that in times of profound peace it managed the affairs of the Government at a cost of seventy millions a year, as long as the people have the best reason for knowing that such was not the case. When BUCHANAN was inaugurated the National debt was less than thirty millions, but when he turned over the Government to Mr. LINCOLN, with an organized rebellion against it, the debt was nearly ninety millions, showing that under the "economical" management of the Democracy the deficiency between the receipts and expenditures in four years was about sixty millions. It is also a fact to be remembered in this connection that the Democracy discounted the credit of the Government at the ruinous rates of twelve and fifteen per cent—infinitely higher rates than at any time prevailed under the management of the Union party during the terrible year of the war.

Silk in the United States.

We have already noted the fact that an effort is being made in France to engage some of the best silk workers of Lyons to come to this country to put looms in operation, and that the French press have united to discourage the workmen from leaving that country. America is the best silk customer France has, and the people cannot endure the thought of us going into the business for ourselves. Nevertheless the movement appears to have been gone into with a determination to give it a fair trial. A number of Frenchmen in this country are considering the plan of bringing a colony of French silk workers to America, to locate in some of the Southern States, either Virginia, Carolina or Georgia, where the soil and climate are favorable to the culture of the mulberry tree and the growth of the silk worm. For many years we have furnished half the world, and ourselves beside, with cotton, and during the war we largely increased the growth and manufacture of wool, developing it into a very important branch of our industry. We regard, therefore, as following in proper order, the attention which is now about to be given to the manufacture of silk. It has already been commenced, there being ninety establishments in the country in 1860, in which there was a capital of $1,158,280 invested, giving employment to nine hundred and nineteen males and seventeen hundred and eighty-eight females. We hope that before many years these figures will be largely increased, and that we shall be able to produce a sufficient amount of silk to meet our own demand.

Very Sensitive.

The Chicago *Times*, in noticing the fact that the rebel General McCAUSLAND and his gang of robbers and house burners have been indicted in Franklin county, in this State, for sacking and burning Chambersburg, calls the proceedings a farce, and says that if it is allowed to go on "then let every federal or rebel officer who fired a building or city during the war be arrested and tried for arson. In the same way let every commander and others who were in any fight in which anybody was killed, be at once held to trial before some civil court for murder." How sensitive the Copperhead Democracy become whenever it is proposed to punish the rebels for their enormous crimes?

THE delegates to the Democratic State Convention in Ohio last week took the initiative in marshalling the supporters of their ticket at the coming election. They visited the Provost Marshal of Columbus to ascertain whether deserters and skedaddlers from the draft, who went to Canada, might now safely return.

Good Southern Counsel.

We take the following from the Mobile *Register*, one of the most influential journals in the South, edited by the Hon. JOHN FORSYTH:

In respect to the emancipation oath, we give the counsel to our readers upon which we have acted ourselves. Whether the act of emancipation has been legally and constitutionally completed or not, slavery is as dead as Julius Cæsar. No human power can resurrect it; and we candidly admit that if that power rested in our single hand, we would not, under *present circumstances*, exert it. And we say this much without changing a single one of our life-long opinions on the beneficence of the institution as the best form of organized labor for mankind at large, and for the well-being of the slave in particular. But what are our opinions worth against the fixed and unalterable sentiments of the civilized and semi-civilized world? What do they avail when the sword has just declared against them? The inexorable fact is, that the institution of slavery is uprooted in the land, and if we had the power to re-establish it, it would be through such a process of conflict and turmoil as to make the game not worth the candle. It is the part of good sense to accept facts, and the death of African slavery in the South is one of those unchangeable and unchallengeable facts we accept without a moment's hesitation. The deed is done; let us out a moment's hesitation. The deed is done; let us make the best of it, and shape our course upon it as a *stern fait accompli*. Now the deed being virtually done, and beyond recall, let it be constitutionally done, and let every Southern State in convention at once endorse the decree which the will of God, the edge of the sword and the voices of the nations of the earth seem to have united in promulgating.

We commend the *Register* on the above extract, to the Copperhead-Democratic papers of the North that are laboring to defeat the results of the late war. The loyalty it asserts must be universally manifested by the Southern people before they are allowed a place and a voice in the General Government, and we verily believe that it would come that much sooner if the disaffected men and journals in the North would accept the lessons of the war in good faith. But so notoriously mischievous have Northern Copperheads become that the Southern press has found it necessary to caution the people against placing any confidence in them. We copy the following from the Augusta, Georgia, *Chronicle and Sentinel*:

We caution the people of the South against placing any reliance upon the Copperhead faction of the North. Time, this class of men will ask, to verify and promise everything, as they did in days gone by. But when it comes to action and the fulfillment of pledges, they are utterly powerless. Before the late struggle, the South was led to believe that great things in her favor could be accomplished by them. What was the result? These men, who had for years used Southern influence for their own benefit, were unable to keep even a single declaration they had made—nor was there the slightest assistance they had so pompously boasted they would give.

Why Not?

An exchange says:

A Richmond firm built an extensive range of corrals and stables for the use of Government, but the corrals were never paid. Of course, when Richmond was captured the buildings were taken possession of for the use of our troops. A few days ago the Quartermaster General Terry's Quartermaster had they should be paid for. A bout was sent to the rescue, but returned without seeing anything of the wreck. JAMES PATTERSON, a colored officer of the unfortunate vessel, who was saved, reports that when Gen. WRIGHT was last seen he had a life preserver in his hand; but as his name does not appear in the list of persons saved, it is pretty certain that he is lost.

INDIANA EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.—An Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Indiana, held in Christ Church, Indianapolis, adjourned on Thursday, after an exceedingly interesting and pleasant session. The principal business of the Convention was to select an assistant for Bishop George Upfold, whose increasing years and infirmities render it impossible to attend to the large and constantly increasing diocese. Bishop Upfold was present, and officiated as the Convention, which called to the assistant bishopric, Bishop Talbott, formerly pastor of the church in this city. This choice will give eminent satisfaction to the Episcopalians of Indiana, and Bishop Talbott will bring to his new field the ripened fruits of a large experience and commanding ability.

AFFAIRS IN SPAIN.—The last census taken in the Spanish peninsula, the Baleric and Canary islands included, fixes the entire population of Spain at sixteen and one half millions, which gives an increase of about one and a half millions on the last census. The electoral qualification has been reduced to the sum of ten dollars in taxes for each elector, and the number of deputies, formerly fixed at one for each fifteen thousand inhabitants, has been raised from three hundred and forty six to three hundred and fifty-two.

WHERE THE EMIGRANTS GO.—The New York *Times* says:—Of the 17,000 emigrants who landed at Castle Garden since August 1, 850 went direct to Richmond, Va., 200 of them were Swiss, with neither money nor knowledge of our language; as capable farmers, however, they will be welcomed in the tilling regions. The vast majority of the rest go to the cities of the North-west. The Germans have money and go at once; the Irish have friends, and after loafing about the city go in squads. Many girls seek and find service here, but being raw and green, their work is by no means in every sense a "help."

ANNUAL FOOD FOR ONE MAN.—The statistics of the Commissary Department in the army go to prove that each individual consumes about two and a quarter pounds of any food he may eat, about three-fourths vegetable and remainder animal, making an annual consumption of 800 lbs. Of fluids, including every variety of beverage, he swallows about 1,200 lbs.

PRENTICE, of the Louisville *Journal*, is absolutely incorrigible. He irreverently asserts that "most of the discussions on the negro are wholly without talent. The authors may have the negro question on the brain, but they have no brains on the negro question."

"If the North conquers," said snarling old Thomas Carlyle, a year or two ago, "England will go to democracy, by express train." The North has conquered, and in the late English elections the aggregate liberal vote was 191,921, the aggregate tory vote 178,735: liberal majority 13,186.

General Intelligence.

The internal revenue receipts on Friday amounted to $1,267,848 85—over forty-eight millions and a half since July 1st.

During the present month twenty-five thousand Government animals have been sold, realizing more than four millions of dollars.

The recent heavy defalcations at New York disturbed for a time every other stock investment with the exception of Government securities.

A religious revival is now going on in the Cleveland jail. Prayer meetings are held daily, and all the prisoners, the murderer Hughes included, have signed the temperance pledge. A young lady superintends the work.

A French printer has succeeded in making gas for lighting with the pomace of apples and pears used in making cider and cherry. The gas is said to be superior to that made from coal, as it emits neither smoke nor unpleasant smell.

The Acting Second Comptroller has decided that before the oath of a discharged soldier can be admitted to prove the loss of his discharge papers, he must establish *plainly* the fact that such papers ever existed. His own *ex-libris* may then be admitted to prove the fact and circumstance of the loss.

There will be held at Cedar Rapids, Linn county, Iowa, on the 27th of September next, a Grand Railroad Convention of the friends of the North Missouri and Cedar Rapids Railroad, to adopt means by which to reunite the commercial interests of St. Louis and Iowa, and to further the completion of the North Missouri and Cedar Rapids Road.

Mr. Dieterici, the great statistical authority in Europe, estimates the population of the world at 1,300,000,000, of whom twenty-five per cent are Christians. Half of the latter, 162,500,000, are Roman Catholics. According to a census of the communicants of that church taken in Rome in 1865, by counting the wafers consumed at Easter of that year throughout the world, the number of communicants was found to be but 30,000,000.

The mother of Harold, the conspirator who was to assassinate General Grant, is said to be a strong Unionist. After his arrest she said that she had tried in vain to teach him good counsels, and he must take the results of his wicked conduct without expecting sympathy from her. Although his sisters visited him frequently, and tried to procure a pardon for him, his mother persistently refused to do either.

PERSONAL.

Tennyson has realized $55,000 out of his Enoch Arden.

John G. Saxe has agreed to deliver a course of lectures before the Mercantile Library Association of Leavenworth, Kansas, some time next month.

Gen. Mansfield Lovell is in New York. So is Gen. Cheatham. The latter thinks Jeff. Davis a great rascal, but would not have him hanged. He believes that Jeff. would be properly taken care of by his late army if he could be turned over to them. Not much grass in the streets, is there, General?

Mademoiselle Van der Meerch, from Paris, has opened an attractive exhibition of learned birds at the Polytechnic, London. With the assistance of a box of cards, properly invented, they tell the time by a watch, the month, the year, the color of ladies' dresses, with various other matters, which excite at once the mirth and approbation of the audience.

It is said that Captain Patton Saunders, a Russian gentleman, who is engaged in England for his government in arranging a plan for an overland Asiatic line of telegraph to America, won one thousand pounds in bets that he could make about the Atlantic telegraph. His bet was four hundred pounds to one thousand pounds that within two months the entire stoppage of messages by the cable would occur for at least twenty-four hours. His luck began when he made the bet.

The Christian *Observer*, which is making itself so conspicuous at Richmond for its hostility to the North, was formerly published at Philadelphia, but was driven out from that city because of its Southside sympathies. Its editor, Rev. Dr. Converse, is a Northern man. It is refreshing to find in a Tennessee paper, the Greenville *New Era*, the following hearty condemnation of the *Observer*:—"The minister or elder or private member of the Church who would take the *Christian Observer*, and read and circulate it, no matter how often he takes the oath, or how much he professes regret for his treason, proclaims himself a rebel and traitor still, and unworthy the confidence of patriots and Christian men."

Intelligent Suffrage.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

In your advocacy of intelligence as a qualification in the elective franchise you are but expressing views I have for many years advocated, and I am heartily rejoiced to notice your zeal in so noble a cause, and that it is becoming so suddenly popular. From its very reasonableness it must become the great idea with all the true friends of Republican government.

A Republican government must rest upon the intelligence of the people, and it follows if the people are ignorant they become the tools of designing politicians, hence we can trace all the ills we have as a nation been suffering, directly to the ignorance of the voting population, and these results must continue until the cause is removed.

Place the ballot in the hands of only such as are capable of reading and writing, and a stability, harmony and purity, is given to our republic, which can, in no other way, be secured.

It would, indeed, be a mighty stride towards the perfection of human government.

There are to-day certain influences (not necessary to name) at work, diligently at work, which are altogether antagonistic to our Republican form of government, which nothing would so effectually destroy as an *intelligent qualification vote*. PROGRESS.

ANOTHER ENCOURAGING SIGN.—The Coroner's jury in the case of the recent disaster on the Oil Creek Railroad, in which several persons were killed and seventy-five were wounded, found in their verdict that the collision was caused by the culpable negligence of the engineer and conductor, and requested the District Attorney to cause the apprehension of the guilty parties. This is a step in advance of the verdict in the Housatonic disaster case, and it is to be hoped that justice will be meted out. It is due to the travelling public that all legal protection be secured to it, and the only way in which it can be done is to punish those by whose negligence disasters occur.

The Loss of the Brother Jonathan.

Late advices from the Pacific coast give but few additional particulars to what is already known in regard to the loss of the Brother Jonathan. A dispatch from Crescent City stated that the vessel struck a sunken rock off St. George's Point, eight or ten miles west from the city, July 30th, at half past one o'clock P. M. Fifteen adults and two children only were saved out of nearly two hundred lives on board. A boat was sent to the rescue, but returned without seeing anything of the wreck. JAMES PATTERSON, a colored officer of the unfortunate vessel, who was saved, reports that when Gen. WRIGHT was last seen he had a life preserver in his hand; but as his name does not appear in the list of persons saved, it is pretty certain that he is lost.

Internal Revenue Decision.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that it is the duty of executors, administrators, &c., to render lists of legatees to the assessor or assistant assessors of the district in which the decedent resided at the time of his death. If a party died "while temporarily absent from his home," the immediate place of his decease should not be regarded, but his executors should make return to the assessor of the district where he actually resided. *No distribution* of legacies can be made (section 125,) until the executor returns the list thereof, and pays the tax. The party "liable to pay duty in respect to any succession" (section 147) may be either the successor himself or (section 137) "any person acting in his right or his behalf." The duty of the successor or his agent is laid down in section 147, so far as the rendering of a list or schedule of successions is concerned. If the successor is young and incapable it will of course devolve on the legal executor, guardian, or trustee to render the "full and true account" required by the terms of section 147. By section 148, if any person required to give an account of successions willfully neglects so to do, for the period of ten days after notification, he is liable to penalty, and by section 147, "if no account" of successions shall be delivered to the assessors, he may "assess the duty on the best information he can obtain." The duty falls due as soon as the successor, or his representatives for him, become such in possession.

DR. McBRIDE'S KING OF PAIN.

Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Cures Neuralgia in Five Minutes.
Cures Headache in Three Minutes.
Cures Irritation in One Minute.
Cures Rheumatism in One Day.

READ THE FOLLOWING CITY TESTIMONY.

PITTSBURGH, August 21st, 1865.—My daughter could not walk or do anything at all, with the pain in her hips and knees. I tried the doctors, and all the patent medicines I heard of, without receiving any benefit until I bought a bottle of McBride's King of Pain, and by using it two days she is now able to walk without the slightest pain. May God bless him—may he do others the same good. Yours, WRIGHT, Fifth Ward.

Sold at McCLARRANS Drug Store, 88 Market st., corner Diamond, near Fifth street. au25

JAYNE'S CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES.

Jayne's Expectorant.
Jayne's Alterative.
Jayne's Carminative.
Jayne's Vermifuge.
Jayne's Liniment.
Jayne's Sanative Pills.

Call and get Jayne's beautiful Almanac gratis.
Call and get Jayne's beautiful Almanac gratis.
German and English.
At JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store,
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street.
The Great Depot for all Genuine Patent Medicine.
The Great Depot for all Genuine Patent Medicine.
The Great Depot for all Genuine Patent Medicine.
JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.
Corner of the Diamond and Market Street.
au28

AUCTION SALES.

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND SOAP
AT AUCTION.

Will be sold, in connection with the furniture, &c., on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth street—

Their own goods:
20 caddies Tobacco;
5,000 Cigars;
15 cases Castile Soap;
To lots to suit.
au24 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.

GOOD FURNITURE
AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY MORNING, August 30, at 10 o'clock, at Masonic Hall Auction House, 55 Fifth st., will be sold a quantity of well kept household furniture, carpets, oil paintings, engravings, &c., comprising in part mahogany center table, marble-top Bibb stands, two sets walnut sofa-seat parlor chairs, and cane-seat sitting chairs, two elegant hat racks, one hallgoing do., walnut what-not, walnut music case, sk-tnd, octave rosewood lounge, high-post cottage and turned post bedsteads, walnut and cottage, curly and long beaches, small desk, boy's perambulating horse, large assortment of bedding, matting, mattresses, Venetian blinds, oil paintings, engravings, new and second hand carpets, oilcloths, &c., &c.
au29 T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE,
MONDAY, September 4, 1865.
Miss Charlotte Thompson.
au29-6t

SHOE BLACKING.
Arbuthnot's Celebrated Shoe Blacking
A superior article—far surpasses anything as yet, ever introduced. Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail at No. 211 Liberty street.
au29 S. J. ARBUTHNOT.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN TWO YEARS
Of the celebrated young actress
Miss Charlotte Thompson,
au28-6t MONDAY, September 4, 1865.

NAIL MACHINES FOR SALE.
Twenty-four Nail Machines,
To cut from 44 to 20d, nearly new, improved patterns, can be seen at Sable Iron Works, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh. ZUG & CO.
au28-6t

FOR SALE
A lot of ground, containing twelve and a half acres, between McKeesport and Crooked Run Station, with a fine dwelling house, stable and other buildings, and for a country residence with a young orchard of 160 trees in full bearing. The property will be sold very low. Apply to J. S. STRICKLER,
au28-wtos Attorney, 145 Fifth street.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
PITTSBURGH.
Miss Charlotte Thompson's
FIRST APPEARANCE IN TWO YEARS, MONDAY, September 4, 1865.
au26-6d

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRAULIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydraulic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGEE, Agent,
July 7, '65 113 Third street.

NEW MUSIC—A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SONG, suited to the times, entitled "THE BOYS ARE COMING HOME," words by Lillie Lovett, and music by Herman Th. Klunck. It is among the best of the kind ever published on this continent. Price 30 cents. Just published and for sale by
WM. KLINK & BARR,
au26-6t No. 12 St. Clair street.

PROPOSALS.
Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Reynolds & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn., of Manchester until September 5, 1865, for the grading of Adams street, from Beaver to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.
WM. N. KIRK, County, or
au26-10t ISAAC STEWART, Street Commissioner

GROCERIES.
50 Bags Prime and Common Coffee;
10 Hhds. Sugar;
100 Barrels sirups, various brands;
10 Puncheons P. R. Molasses;
100 Barrels Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars.
25 Hhds Porto Rico Molasses;
With a general stock of fine groceries, on hand and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON,
au26 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets.

STRAWBERRIES.
Now is a good time to plant Strawberries. Our stock of plants is very large and superior.
We are offering for the first time the variety known on our grounds as

"NO. 700,"

Which for size, productiveness, beauty, profit, and other desirable qualities, is the most valuable strawberry of which we have any knowledge. Our catalogue giving a description of this and all other desirable kinds, with price of plants, will be sent to all applicants enclosing ten cents, or can be had at No. 39 Fifth street.
au26-30d-10w J. ENOS.

OIL YARD AND IRON TANKS
FOR SALE.
We offer for sale, on advantageous terms, our oil yard, at Lawrenceville, with tanks, sheds, warehouse, office, stable and all other fixtures. It is the best landing near the city, has every convenience for easily and cheaply conveying oil in bulk or barrels from the river to tank or warehouse alongside the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and has engines and boiler, receipted tanks, railroad from river to warehouse—in fact, there is nothing wanting to enable persons doing a crude oil business, in the most economical manner. As an investment for income, we doubt if persons wishing to make one both safe and profitable could do better. The tanks will always rent for a price that will pay at least twenty per cent. on our price. For further particulars, apply to BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
au26-eod-1m Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock.

NOTICE.
BANK OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Notice is hereby given that the notes of the Bank of Pennsylvania will be paid in full upon presentation and proof at the office of the assignees, No. 407 Library street, in the city of Philadelphia. Parties holding notes of the said Bank, not yet presented, are notified that unless the same are presented and proved at the Assignees' office on or before the first day of October, 1865, they will be debarred. Per order of
WM. PAUL PETERSON,
WM. LYTTLETON SAVAGE,
J. D. TAYLOR,
Assignees, No. 407 Library street,
au18-lmawfw PHILADELPHIA.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.
I am prepared to furnish Steam Engines so much approved of for Oil Wells and other purposes, on the shortest notice, having different sized Engines on hand, and finishing others. The public can be accommodated with almost any size they want. The work to show for itself. WILLIAM FISHER, Fifth Ward, between Mechanic and Harrison streets, Pittsburgh
je20-6m

NONPAREIL FRENCH VINEGAR
A very superior article of
WINE VINEGAR, IMPORTED.
For sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
jy21-6m 221 and 222 Liberty street.

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK
WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh,
HERRON & CO.,
ap24-1y Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—
On SATURDAY MORNING, at or near the corner of Penn and Carson streets, A POCKET-BOOK containing a small sum of money, also several receipts and a promissory note. The papers are of no value only to the owner. The finder can keep the money by returning the papers, &c., to JOHN McCUTCHEON, 231 Penn street. au29-1t

FOR SALE.—
ONE PAIR
Fine Bay Coach Horses,
Young and handsome. Inquire at W. S. JACKSON'S Stables, No. 117, Fourth street. au29-3t

LOT FOR SALE.
A Large Lot of Ground in Pitt Tp.,
Near the city line, fronting 135 feet on the Minersville Railroad, by 110 deep, opposite Willis Booth.
Price, $1,000 Cash, or its Equivalent,
A never-failing stream flows in front, and a permanent spring of water runs through the premises from the hill above, making a superior site for many manufacturing purposes. For further information, apply to JOSEPH CRAWFORD, adjoining, or to ALEX. BRACKENRIDGE, No. 163 Wiley street.
August 28, 1865. au29-2tawtf

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Keg, Lath, Palings, Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.
All orders left at my office, corner of Market st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182 Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

DR. J. WILSON WISHART,
OFFICE,
No. 251 1-2 Penn St.
au28-lteod

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA.,
PITTSBURGH, August 26, 1865.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE received at this office until September 5, for transcribing and copying from the original assessment books SEVENTY-TWO ASSESSMENTS DUPLICATES, the work to be done in the office of the County Commissioners.
Bids to be made at so much the running line complete, and to include the comparing of each and all the books with the originals.
Sample of books can be seen on application.
By direction of the County Commissioners.
au29-6td HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PA.,
PITTSBURGH, August 28, 1865.
TO ASSESSORS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—You are hereby notified that the certified transcript of the names and surnames of all the taxable persons of the wards, boroughs and townships of Allegheny county is ready, in accordance with the act of Assembly, and you will please call and receive the same.
By direction of Committee of Board of Inspectors.
au29-3t HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

OFFICE OF THE MINGO COAL COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, August 28, 1865.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the Pittsburgh Insurance Company, corner of Market and Water streets, on MONDAY, September 18, 1865, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.
au29-6t JAMES GORDON, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF THE CHERRY RUN AND PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 115 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Aug. 28, '65.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this company will be held at its office on MONDAY, September 4, 1865, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and transaction of such other business as may be brought before it. JOHN F. GUSSEL,
au29-3t Secretary.

PUBLIC SALE—I WILL OFFER for sale at the late residence of William Lowrie, deceased, of Jefferson township, on THURSDAY, September 14, 1865, the following property, viz: One steam engine, 10 horse power, cylinder 10 inches in diameter, will about two feet stroke; balance wheel about 12 feet in diameter, 2 rollers, 16 feet long, and about 30 inches in diameter; 5 belts still more; half dozen beer tubs; 1 still worm; 1 meal chest; 1 set mill stones; 1 set bolting reels and sieves; 1 set scales; 1 pump for sugar; about 10 feet long; 1 carpenter's bench, all complete, with numerous other articles not mentioned. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terms made known on day of sale.
Sale to continue from day to day.
J. HUFFMAN, Administrator,
RESS LYTLE, Salesman. au29-2td-wsktw

BOOTS AND SHOES.
At 63 Market Street.
SOUTH & ROSS.

NEW GOODS.

NEW FALL GOODS!

DELAINES,
FRENCH MERINOS,
Plain and Figured BLACK SILK,
WOOL DELAINES, all colors;
SHAWLS,
BARRED FLANNELS,
GREY TWILLED FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETTS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TABLE DIAPERS,
CRASH,
PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
CHECKS,
TICKINGS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
RIBBED HOSE,
KID GLOVES,
SHIRT FRONTS,
IRISH LINENS, &c.,
AT PRICES AS LOW AS CAN BE FOUND ANYWHERE. WHOLESALE DEALERS ARE INVITED TO CALL AND
Examine Our Stock,
—AT—
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
au28

REWARDS.
$100 REWARD.
LOST.
On the 15th day of June, 1865, I mailed in the postoffice, in New York City, two certificates of stock of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY for 100 shares each, (Nos. 1,036 and 1,037,) and one certificate of 50 shares, (No. 1,038,) inclosed in an envelope addressed to Mr. John Fleming, Pittsburgh, Pa., which have never been received by him, and are supposed to be lost. The above reward will be paid by me for the recovery of said certificates.
J. WYMAN JONES,
Banker, No. 6 Broad street, New York.
August 9, 1865.—au12-2taw-1w

LOST.
At or between the postoffice and the foot of Wood street, a bunch of (four) keys. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at this office. au26-3t

SUMMER RESORTS.
FAYETTE SPRINGS.
WIGGINS & BUNTING,
Proprietors.
This delightful Mountain WATERING PLACE is now open for visitors and no pains or expense will be spared to give universal satisfaction. The well known medical virtues of the water, the cool mountain air, romantic scenery and classic grounds surrounding this locality, give it peculiar attractions.
"Fort Necessity," Washington's First Battle-field, Gen. Braddock's and Dumonville's Graves, Dunbar's Camp, and other historic localities are all within an hours ride. Also, Delaney's Cave, Pine Knob view, the Trout and Blowing Springs, the Cucumber Cascade, Meadow-run Falls, and the Great Falls of the Youghiogheny river, are in the immediate neighborhood.
☞ Two daily trains will bring visitors from Pittsburgh to Uniontown in a few hours, when Coaches will always be ready to carry them, by a pleasant drive of eight miles on the "National Road" to the Springs.
jy9-3m

WALL PAPERS—
New patterns, at reduced prices, for bed-rooms, dining rooms, &c., at No. 107 Market, near Fifth street, au26 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. No advertisement will be inserted for less than forty cents.

WANTED—An active business man, with extensive acquaintance in Pittsburgh, is desirous of engaging in some established business, not requiring more than three or four thousand dollars capital. Address J., Lock box 99, Pittsburgh, Pa.
August 28, 1865. au24-6

WANTED—Lincoln Medallion—Agents wanted immediately in all the principal towns of Western Pennsylvania, to canvass for this beautiful work of art, which is electrotyped in copper and frosted in pure silver. Call at rooms, No. 89 Second street, between Wood and Market, or address P. G. BOLTON & CO., 89 Second st., Pittsburgh, Pa., sole agents for Western Pennsylvania.
au22-1w

WANTED TO SELL—SHINGLES—A large stock of superior shingles of all kinds, patent sawing, and lumber of every description. Apply to A. C. BOYLE & CO.'S lumber yard, Allegheny City.
au23-2tmwf

WANTED—AXE GRINDERS AND POLISHERS, for which the highest price will be paid. Address, for one week, to H. WILCOX'S SONS, Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio. au23-2w

TEACHERS WANTED—1 MALES and 1 female, for Chartiers township, to be elected on SATURDAY, September 2, at Hodgson's School House. The County Superintendent will hold an examination at the same place August 30. au22-3d

WANTED—AN ENTERPRISING MAN, with a small capital, to undertake the sale of a valuable patent in Indiana county. A good man can make from one to two thousand dollars with in a year. Address H., Commercial office. au23-1w

WANTED—HOUSE.—WANTS TO rent a good, comfortable house, containing from four to eight rooms. All sensible connected. Preferred situated in a quiet, clean street, Allegheny. Inquire Box 117, Pittsburgh Postoffice. au3-tf

WANTED—A GOOD, STEADY, HONEST BOY can make $3 per day, by selling the Commercial and other papers at Oil Creek and Cherry Run. One who knows the business preferred. Apply to JOHN W. PITTOCK, opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh. No one need apply unless they have the above qualifications. au28

INSURANCE.

GLOBE
MUTUAL
CASH
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Pittsburgh.
Office---No. 57 Fourth street, Burke's Building.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - $100,000.

ISAAC M. PENNOCK, President.
JOHN F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
WM. WARNER, Secretary.

INSURES AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE,
INSURES STEAMBOATS AND CARGOES

Policies issued on the most favorable terms.
ISAAC M. PENNOCK, President.
JOHN F. JENNINGS, Vice President.

N. J. BIGLEY, JOHN STEVENSON,
DANIEL WALLACE, JAKE HILL,
H. W. HOBSTHE, JOHN H. KING,
WM. H. FORSYTHE, SAM'L M'CLURKAN,
THOS. LONGSTAFF, R. H. HARPMAN,
ALEXANDER CHAMBERS.
my27-3m

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
WM. A. SHEPPARD, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western rivers and Bayous and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.

DIRECTORS.
WM. BAGALEY, J

The Daily Commercial

THE "OLD SIXTH CORPS."

[The following poem is published at the request of many friends of the fair author, Miss MOLLIE MASSEY, a sister of Captain HARRY B. MASSEY, the popular Commissary of the Brigade in the Sixth Corps to which the 102d and 139th Regiments belonged. The officers of the Second Division presented Miss MASSEY with a magnificent set of jewelry as a token of their appreciation of her complimentary verses.]

God bless our noble army!
The hearts are strong and brave
That have willing come our standard
From treason's grasp to save,
But Dominie Western Prairie
To Atlantic's rocky shore,
The truest, noblest hearts of all
Are in the "Old Sixth Corps."

Then, ere we part to-night, boys,
We'll sing one song the more,
With cheerful voice swelling loud and clear,
God bless the "Old Sixth Corps!"

In the thickest of the battle,
Where the cannon's fiery breath
Smites many a strong heart pressing
On to victory or death,
The foremost in the conflict,
The last to say, it's o'er—
Who know not what it is to yield—
You'll find the "Old Sixth Corps."

There's many a brave man lying
Where he nobly fought and fell;
There's many a mother sighing
For the sons she loved so well;
And the southern winds are breathing
A requiem where they lie—
O, the gallant followers of THE CROSS
Are not afraid to die!

Our truest, bravest heart is gone,
And we remember well
The bitter anguish of that day
When noble Sedgwick fell;
But there is still another left
To lead us to the fight,
And with a hearty three times three
We'll cheer our gallant Wright!

Then, on! still onward will we press,
Till treason's voice is still,
And proudly wave the "stripes and stars"
On every Southern hill.
We'll struggle till our flag is safe
And honored as before;
And men in future time shall say,
"God bless the Old Sixth Corps!"

Then e'er we part to-night, boys,
We'll sing one song the more,
With cheerful voice ring loud and clear,
"God bless the Old Sixth Corps!"

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

PRESERVING FRUITS.

What to Do and How to Do it.

The failure of the apple crop will induce people to put up large quantities of other fruits, especially peaches—now plenty—and for the benefit of the inexperienced, we give some plain directions, which, if faithfully followed, will insure success. Two things are requisite to preserve fruit an indefinite length of time, viz: a partial cooking to change its character, and absolute exclusion of air after putting it in cans or bottles. A cambric needle hole will cause the fruit to spoil just as effectually—though, of course, the operation will be slower—as if the cover were left off.

The first thing is to provide receptacles for the fruit. The age of sweetmeats—that is, a pound of sugar to a pound of fruit—has gone by, so it is needful to procure cans, bottles, jars or stone jugs, which can be made air-tight. Tin cans were formerly used, and still are employed in putting up for shipping, soldering tight after the fruit is put in. They corrode by frequent use, and therefore render the fruit decidedly unhealthful; hence they are generally discarded where the same thing is wanted year after year. Glass jars or bottles are the best—though expensive—for all times showing the nature and condition of the contents. There are various patents on the market, most of them good, though costly. It is well to try a few varieties, and in a small way before purchasing largely. If the fruit is going to spoil, it will show signs of it in a few days, especially if exposed to light and warmth. Before the patent jars, you may use those called "junk" bottles, and common glass or stone jars, which are much cheaper, and though not so convenient, answer a very good purpose, closing with corks or cloth and cement. Stone, not earthenware, jugs, holding one to four quarts, are cheap and good receptacles for small fruits. Soft, close-grained corks are driven in firmly, and then dipped in melted cement for perfect security.

Having provided the jars, etc., next procure the fruit, some sugar, corks, cloth, cement, &c., as wanted. If the patent jars, with screw tops and rubber bands are used, nothing more is required. Other bottles or jugs require the close-fitting corks or cloth to cover them, and a cement, grafting wax, or beeswax for a coating. A good and cheap cement is one pound common, dark resin, and one ounce tallow or lard melted together. The proportions may be guessed at, as there is no necessity for exactness. If so hard as to crack, add tallow, and if too soft and sticky, add more resin. A more expensive cement, but one which hardens quickly, is made by melting one pound resin, one ounce beeswax and one ounce gum shellac together. Prepare and keep either of the above in an iron kettle, with a strong iron spoon for stirring and coating the cloth. We will now begin with peaches, not very soft, nor too hard. They should be *free-stones*. Pare, cut in halves, quarters, or smaller, as desirable; remove the pits and put the pieces into the bottles. When full, set the bottles in a wash-boiler, with water covering two-thirds of the bottles. Put upon the stove and raise to boiling heat. Let the water boil about twenty minutes, which will extract juice; expel the air and steam from the fruit in the bottles without cooking them very much. While this is going on prepare in a kettle or stew-pan a syrup of one pound sugar to one quart water—white sugar, if wanted to look nice—and as a bottle of the steaming fruit is lifted from the boiler, fill entirely full with this syrup, and close at once. If the cans or screw top and rubber band is used, we have only to screw or press on tight, but even in this case it is best to tighten them still more when they are cold, and both jars and contents have contracted. If stone jugs or bottles with corks are used, drive in the corks, wipe dry with a cloth, and coat thoroughly with the melted cement, using the spoon, or if there is no danger of the corks coming out or leaking through the pores, invert and dip the neck in the melted cement. There is no objection to tying the corks in before coating it if it is apprehended that they will be forced out, but as the first pressure is on the outside, to fill the vacuum caused by contraction of the contents when cooling, and as no inside pressure can be exerted, unless air is admitted to create fermentation, there is no need of tying, provided there is an absolute exclusion of air. Close cloth, as drilling, corded with the cement answers without the corks. Coat the top side of the cloth with the spoon, lay it on the filled bottle, dip the hands in cold water and press this cover closely around the neck, and the firmly with a string wound around it, dipping on more cement. In all cases it is safest to recoat when cold, and this can be done quickest and best by inverting the neck in the melted cement. Even after this, examine to see if any crack, small hole, or blister admits air, and close with more cement. Better use a little extra care than lose the contents—for they are absolutely safe if the above directions are carried out. Though we have kept them years exposed to light and warmth, yet both are opposed to preservation, hence a cool dark cellar is the best place of deposit for the bottles, but this is not essential.

While steaming in the water the contents of the bottles will settle, and if it is an object to economize bottles, one or two may be poured into the others to fill them. The sugar is not really essential to preservation—though it doubtless assists—but as it has to be added at some time it had better be put in with the fruit, and the quantity indicated will usually render it palatable, though more can be added when used, if needful. If bottle room is no special object, something very handsome may be had by peeling peaches or pears very finely with a sharp knife, put them in whole, add a little water, and proceed as before. The form and clear color shows to advantage in the colorless jars filled with clear syrup made of the whitest sugar.

Pears, apples, blackberries, plums, cherries, raspberries, strawberries, gooseberries, whortleberries, currants, quinces, crab apples and grapes, may be put up in the same manner, save that the soft fruit, as strawberries, blackberries, etc., require less cooking, the boiling syrup being nearly enough to preserve them. A quicker and less troublesome method, though it breaks the fruit more, is to put the prepared fruit, berries, etc., with sugar enough to sweeten to liking, directly into the stew-pan or kettle, boil about five minutes, shaking the kettle occasionally to prevent burning, and dip directly into the bottles, and seal or otherwise secure. The bottles should be taken from hot water, or otherwise gradually heated, before filling with the boiling fruit, else the sudden expansion may break them. In no case should they stand even a minute after being filled before closing the tops. If a very thin cloth is used for covering, the melted cement will pass through and impart an unpleasant taste to the fruit. A piece of white paper, just covering the opening, laid on before the cloth, will prevent this; but it is better to use a thick, coarse cloth, such as twilled muslin or drilling. The bottles should be examined occasionally, and if one should chance be leaking from imperfect sealing, or a crack in the glass, scald and use the contents before it spoils.

Tomatoes should always be put up largely, being plenty and cheap, and one of the easiest things to keep, beside never coming amiss in winter. Select ripe fruit, pour on scalding water to facilitate peeling, and having removed the skin, bottle in a bottle for about 20 minutes to cook thoroughly, dip into the heated bottles, and close as before. If considered too watery, a pan of them may be peeled and cut up over night, and the water or juice pressed off in the morning; no water need be added to any fruit when cooking, save that which is put up whole. Small yellow and red tomatoes may be put into the bottles whole, with a little water, the bottles boiled for half an hour as before, and then filled with boiling water, to preserve their form for novelty, but it is not generally advisable. Corn, beans and peas are so difficult to keep, it is not best to waste time in putting them up green.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

SILK & DRY GOODS JOBBERS

EDMUND YARD & CO.,

617 Chestnut and 614 Jayne Streets,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have just received from auction

500 PIECES FRENCH MERINOES,

300 PIECES ALL-WOOL DELAINES,

Which they offer to the trade

At a Small Advance.

aug1-1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Matthews' VENETIAN HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in public favor.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process, which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DEAD appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a lasting, lustrous black, that will not stain, crock or stain the clothing. Invest 75 cents, and you will be convinced. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods dealers.

A. T. MATTHEWS, Manufacturer,
DINNAS BARNES & CO., New York, Wholesale Agts.
oc23-1y

THE GREAT FIRE AT BARNUM'S MUSEUM.

Letter from Mr. Barnum.

NEW YORK, July 14, 1865.

MESSRS. HERRING & CO.—Gentlemen—Though the destruction of the American Museum has proved a serious loss to myself and the public, I am happy to verify the old adage that "it's an ill wind that blows nobody good," as it unanimously congratulate you that your well-known safes have again demonstrated their superior fire-proof qualities in an ordeal of unusual severity.

The safe you made for me some time ago was in the office of the Museum, on the second floor, back part of the building, and in the hottest of the fire.

After twenty-four hours of trial it was found among the debris, and on opening it this day has yielded up its contents in very good order—books, papers, policies of insurance, bank bills all in condition for immediate use, and a noble commendatory on the trustworthiness of Herring's Fire-proof Safes. Truly yours, P. T. BARNUM.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES.

The most reliable protection from fire now known.

HERRING & CO'S PATENT BANK BURS SAFES,
With Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystallized Iron, the best security against burglars ever manufactured.
HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, cor. of Murray st., New York.
FAREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.
au1-1m HERRING & CO., Chicago.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW prepared to receive subscriptions for this new loan, in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, interest commencing on the receipt of the money. Every person who can spare $50 can place it on interest at one cent a day, making $2.63 a year interest, payable semi-annually, principal payable in three years, or convertible into 5-20 six per cent. bonds, the interest of which is payable in coin.

For further particulars, apply to
HANNA, HART & CO., Agents.
jy30

SAMUEL WORK. KRAMER & HAMM. WM. M'COUCH. Pittsburgh.

BANKING HOUSE OF
WORK, McCOUCH & CO.,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE. Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

United States Loans bought and sold at market rates.
au14-1f

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c., receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors, as heretofore.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN, ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS, P. G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL, ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN, JAMES PEAS,
WM. R. NIMICK,
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.
se7

THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL.....1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865.

This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury,
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.

Every facility will be offered to investors or parties purchasing for re-sale.

H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK
OF
PITTSBURGH.

Capital paid in $1,000,000, with Privilege of $2,000,000.

Banking House Cor. First & Wood.

This Bank, organized under the National Banking System, is now prepared to transact business at its Banking House, corner of Wood and First streets.

Collections made on all accessible points, on the most favorable terms. Special Agents for JAY COOKE, for the sale of

U. S. 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES.

SAMUEL REA, President.
F. H. GORDON, Cashier.
J. C. McPHERSON, Teller.
my1-6m

RESTAURANTS.

JOHN GANGWISCH,
UNION LAGER BEER BREWERY.
WHOLESALE OFFICE
No. — PENN STREET, FIFTH WARD,
jy30-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOWERY SALOON, NO. 48 FIFTH STREET, next door to Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se7-1y J. S. WILLIAMS, Proprietor

ELI YOUNG'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON
Nos. 129 and 131 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in elegant style, together with all the delicacies of the season. oct7-1y

OPEN AGAIN,
E. REINEMAN'S DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE
No. 67 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand. Delicious oysters, first of the season. oct17-1y

TANNERIES.

G. W. KIEFER..... C. L. STRAUB..... WM. HUMMEL

GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER STRAUB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
Tannery at Hillside Station, on Pennsylvania R. R.
Office, No. 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa
☞ THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES and CALF-SKINS. ja28-1y

EAGLE TANNERY.
CHARLES KIEFER,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of LEATHER, such as oak-tanned harness, bridle, skirting and slaughter sole Leather, waxed upper kips and calf-skins. The highest price paid for all kinds of Leather in rough, for green hides and calf-skins, and chestnut-oak bark. Office, 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja27

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,
Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, Pile, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel.
Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth stre et. ja6

C. CADMAN. T. R. CRAWFORD
DUQUESNE BRASS WORKS,
CADMAN & CRAWFORD,
Brass Founders, Gas and Steam Fitters. Particular attention paid to Steamboat work and Oil Refineries. Corner of Duquesne Way and St. Clair streets. au10-1y

BRANDS AND STAMPS
Cut to Order, in Every Style,
BY
JAMES BOWEN,
my18 136 WOOD STREET

EGGS.—7 BBLS. FRESH EGGS, for sale by
GEORGE B. JONES & CO.,
my28 141 Water street.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

WM. A. McCLURG,
MERCHANDISE BROKER
And Commission Merchant in Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c.
AGENT FOR
Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof. Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.
OFFICE, No. 63 WOOD STREET.
au21-1y

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
METAL BROKER,
NO. 124 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Sinshope, Glendon and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy22

WM. W. JUSTICE.....JAS. BATEMAN.....WM. HARDACRE
JUSTICE, BATEMAN & CO.,
WOOL BROKERS,
122 SOUTH FRONT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
my29-3m

JOHN MOORHEAD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
FOR THE SALE OF
Pig Iron and Blooms.
NO. 74 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.
Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for Trails, 22, 24, 25, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails. Philadelphia pattern. 40 pounds to the yard. jy6

GEO. S. BRYAN.....JNO. A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN & CAUGHEY,
(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of
PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,
No. 74 Water Street,
jy7-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEEL & BAILEY,
Stock Brokers,
WILKINS HALL.

The Bankers' and Brokers' Board having adopted the following RATES OF COMMISSION, we will be governed thereby from this date:

Stocks selling at	$2 and under,	2 cents per share.
Do do	$2 and up to $25,	1 per cent.
Do do	$25 and up to $100,	25 cts. pr. share.
Do do	$100 and over,	¼ of 1 per cent.

jy11

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Commercial Broker,
Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets,
Opposite the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
my24-1y

MEDICAL.

CHAS. H. SUPER,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and first-class TOILET ARTICLES.
CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

PARK & BRILL,
(Successors to J. P. Fleming.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Perfumeries, Toilet Articles and Fancy Goods Generally,
ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Lead, Paints, Oils, Varnishes
Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.
Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
Third door below R. R. Depot,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
au22-1y

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Curry's Cough Cure, Ransom's Hive Syrup and Pain Extractor, Seller's Cough Syrup, Aqua Ammonia, Extract Calabria Licorice, Extract Logwood. del

SEWING MACHINES.

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KNABE'S
Noiseless Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to.
au8-1y

THE PREMIUM SEWING MACHINE.

THE WHEELER & WILSON
Was awarded the
Highest Premiums
At the
BEST & SIMPLEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,
At the Fairs held at Paris, 1861; London, 1862; Konigsburg, 1863, and at the International Exhibition, just held at Stettin, Prussia, where ALL THE SEWING MACHINES OF EUROPE AND AMERICA were in competition. Another important fact is this: that the sales of this Machine are
Double that of any other Patent.
See the NEW IMPROVEMENTS, and send for a Circular with Price-List, or call at the
SALESROOM, No. 27 FIFTH STREET.
jy20

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills
Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,
Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.
Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND
APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,
Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD,
96 Smithfield street, near Fifth,
Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se13-1y

JOS. S. FINCH. RYE WHISKY.
JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE.
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
ma30-6m

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FORT PITT FOUNDRY.
WM. METCALF.....ORLANDO METCALF.
JOSEPH R. KNAP.....JAMES G. KNAP.
CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS,
(Successors to Charles Knap.)
Manufacturers of Ordnance,
And all kinds of
HEAVY CASTINGS FOR ROLLING MILLS, BRIDGES, &c.
au7-1m

COUGHS! COUGHS!!
TRY STRICKLAND'S
MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

DIARRHŒA,
All of the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Aromatics, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure! Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.
We can recommend those suffering with loss of appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system: it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by
Park & Brill and Geo. A. Kelly, Allegheny City.
R. E. Sellers & Co., N. McClarran & Co., Chas. H. Super, J. M. Fulton, Fifth street, and JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.
Send by Express everywhere. -1y

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR RENT
TWO PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS.
au21-6t E. D. GAZZAM.

WAREHOUSES FOR SALE.
The fine iron-front, three-story warehouse, 24x90 feet, No. 24 Wood street, now occupied by Messrs. Fleming Brothers; also, the warehouse, No. 129 Wood street, near Fifth, now occupied by Mr. Wm. Bennett.
THOS. H. IPDIKE,
au9-tf Manchester Savings Bank.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.
Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

806 ACRES COAL,
Pittsburgh Vein,
On the Pennsylvania Railroad, 48 miles east of Pittsburgh, for sale at a low price. Apply or write to
WM. HUSTON,
au24-6t Greensburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.
A valuable piece of Property, situate on Virgin alley, between Smithfield and Grant streets, the upset price, $8 feet front on Virgin alley, running back 115 feet towards Sixth street, on which there are erected fourteen BRICK DWELLINGS, all of which are in a good tenable condition. For further particulars enquire of
A. HUGUSLER,
jy4-tf 42 Fifth street.

500 ACRES OF COAL
FOR SALE.
ON THE
THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER,
With about One Hundred Acres of surface.
JAMES O'HARA,
jun6-tf 27 Irwin Street.

FOR SALE—
A block of four new houses, in the Seventh Ward. A bargain will be given the purchaser, as the owner is about to leave the city. Inquire at No. 102 Fourth street. au24-6t

FOR RENT.
A FINE STORE HOUSE and DWELLING, on Federal street, east side, above the Diamond, Allegheny City. It is one of the best stands that can be found for any desirable business. The reason for leaving the house for rent is that the proprietor has gone into the oil business. Apply for terms, &c., to the undersigned, the present occupant. Possession given by the last of October next.
A. C. HAWKINS,
au24-1w No. 166 Federal street.

COUNTRY SEAT.
$2,500 will purchase a neat country seat containing ten acres, neatly fenced, with a two-story dwelling, spring and an assortment of choice fruit; situated near Chartiers Creek, adjoining Martin Glover's place, a short distance from St. Kew's Rocks and railroad station. Apply to
B. McLAIN & CO.,
au26 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE
AT REDUCED PRICES,
7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 11 feet long 32 inches diameter by
SL. DARRAGH & CO.,
Engine builders and oil tool manufacturers, at Fallston, Beaver County, Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE—FOR SALE—FOR SALE.—A well known Negley Run Improved Farm, of about 100 acres, under a high state of cultivation, will be sold in whole or in lots containing from 2 to 12 acres and will be sold as a whole or in parcels to suit purchasers. The improvements are a two story frame dwelling, a large new frame spring-house, with an excellent spring of water, not excelled in Allegheny county. There is also a large variety of fruit, consisting of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, quinces, &c., &c. A portion of the property is interlined with living streams of water, and is never-failing and running streams. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of
G. S. BATES,
au23 Butler street, near Allen, Lawrenceville.

LANDING FOR SALE
AT OIL CITY.
The landing owned by Brewer, Burke & Co., with sheds, office, tanks and fixtures, on bank of Allegheny River, at Oil City, will be sold at auction on
WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, at 2 o'clock P. M., if not previously disposed of at private sale. This landing is one of the best landings on the river, and has 100 feet river front, with a depth running back to the first street, with ample shed room and platforms. Two tanks, each 600 barrels capacity. Two-story office building. For particulars apply to JOHN S. TRACY & CO., on premises, or
BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock streets,
au26-codtf Pittsburgh, Pa.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estate of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out into lots of one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets, 10 feet and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most healthy localities in the city, and for building purposes, free from the smoke and soot arising from the coal consumed in the city. It is also of easy and level location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property in many details desirable. It is reached by the Fort Wayne Railroad having a good road, it can be reached in twenty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and easy to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of
W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
jun17-tf Attorney, No. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—For sale, that beautiful Homestead of the late George Shoenberger, Esq., on the Ross Run road, adjoining 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with also 300 acres of rolling land, rich in Allegheny Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered and the balance under cultivation. The improvements consist of a good LOG DWELLING & HOUSE, a large Barn and Out Houses, a never failing Well, and a fine Orchard of choice fruit trees, now in beautiful order also, two Tenant Houses, &c. This Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, thirteen miles from the city, and has ample railroad facilities for the Mining, loading and shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Coal Boats for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.
For particulars apply to
JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
Of Dilworth, Porter & Co., or
THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,
my19-tf Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

COAL LANDS FOR SALE.
The subscriber, at Florence, Washington county, Pa., will sell the FARM near Burgettstown, containing about 180 acres, say 100 acres cleared, with a large DWELLING HOUSE and BARN, in front, and a good state of cultivation. The balance is uncleared and heavily timbered. Under the surface of the farm is underlaid with an excellent strata of COAL, of from 5 to 6 feet in thickness, which has been opened in several places, and say within 20 or 10 yards of or rather above the bed of the road, say about 27 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Steubenville turnpike. For particulars we would refer to WM. McCREERY, Esq., Pittsburgh, to the tenant on the farm, or the subscriber, residence,
S. LIVINGSTON.
aug1-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE,
IN AND NEAR
SARDIS, MONROE COUNTY, OHIO.
Being desirous of changing my business, I offer for sale my valuable property, situated in and near the town Sardis, comprising a FARM near Sardis and one mile from the Ohio river, containing one hundred and eighty acres, mostly cleared, with a large portion under cultivation, with young Orchard of choice fruit trees.
A FARM near Sardis, one and one-quarter miles from the Ohio river, containing 120 acres, fifty acres of which are cleared, with young Orchard, now bearing, containing four hundred trees, of apple, peach, plum and cherry species. Also, my
Large Brick Steam Flouring Mill,
At Sardis, containing two run of four feet burrs; engine 12 inch cylinder, 2 feet stroke, 2 double flued boilers. The mill is situated in the midst of a fine grain growing region, and now enjoying a fine patronage. It is completely provided with all modern improvements, and is now running full time.
To this property a rare opportunity is offered to an enterprising man.
Also, three comfortable DWELLING HOUSES, in one of which I now reside.
TWO STORE HOUSES, in one of which I am at present doing business.
EDWIN HORNBROOK,
jy31-1m Sardis, Monroe Co., Ohio.

VALUABLE IRON PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

TENNESSEE
ROLLING WORKS.

We will offer for sale on the 2d DAY OF OCTOBER, 1865, on the premises, the valuable Iron Property known as the
Tennessee Rolling Works,
with 6440 acres of Land, about 600 acres good Farming Land cleared and under fence, situated on the Cumberland River, fifty miles above the mouth, in Lyon county, Kentucky, embracing a large and complete Rolling Mill, a Forge with twenty Nobbling Fires, a Machine Shop containing Lathes, Boring and Planing Machines, with a Boiler and Engine to run separately the Rolling Mill, a three Hill Attached, a large Warehouse, Dry Goods Store, Brick Office, and a large number of Dwellings for workmen. Also about Forty Thousand Bushels of stone Coal, and sixty Thousand Bushels of Charcoal.

The above Iron Works have been in successful operation for a number of years, and the reputation of the iron fully established, with a capacity for making Five or Six Thousand tons of superior Charcoal Iron yearly unsurpassed by any manufactory in the United States. The facilities for obtaining Pig Iron are superior to any establishments in the West. With the three Charcoal Furnaces with one to three miles of the Mill, capable of producing seven or Eight Thousand Tons of Pig Iron yearly.

The facilities for obtaining cheap supplies of Corn, Pork and other provisions are unsurpassed.

Shipments of Iron can be made to the mouth of Cumberland River all seasons of the year.

TERMS OF SALE.

The Rolling Mill, Forge and Lands thereto attached, Tools, embracing Mill, Forge and Blacksmith Tools, and Weighing Scales, are to be sold on a credit of one, two and three and four years from date, with approved security, and lien retained until the purchase money is paid.

It is understood that the purchaser of the mill, lands and fixtures is to take the wrought iron and cast iron scraps, stone coal, charcoal, farming tools, carpenter tools, dwelling houses, outside houses, iron safes and fixtures in office, wagons, carts, medicines, etc., and pay cash at a fair valuation, two disinterested men to fix said valuation: in case they do not agree, to call on a third man.

The object of the sale is to close up said business agreeably to the articles of co-partnership.

Capitalists wishing to invest in a profitable iron property will do well to examine the same, when competent men will be ready at all times to show the property, and give particulars until day of sale.

HILLMAN BROTHERS.
je28-tood

DRY GOODS.

J. A. WILSON.....J. W. CARR.....D. M'CANDLESS

WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.,)
Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,
94 WOOD STREET.
Third House above Diamond Alley.
se29 PITTSBURGH

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
OFFER
Special Inducements to Buyers,
—IN—
EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS;
WHITE GOODS AND RUFFLINGS;
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS;
HANDKERCHIEFS AND COLLARS;
RIBBONS AND BONNET SILKS;
MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS;
CRAPES, FRAMES, RUCHES;
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS;
TARLETANS AND MALINES;
FEATHERS AND BIRDS;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
SILK AND BEAD BUTTONS;
GENTS' AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS;
SPHYR-KNIT GOODS; BALMORAL SKIRTS;
CORSET AND HOOP SKIRTS;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES; YARNS;
WORSTEDS, and a general assortment of
Fancy Goods and Notions.
Their Wholesale rooms will be found well supplied with all the desirable goods in their line. Buying exclusively for cash, we purchase cheap and
OFFER BARGAINS
—AT—
77 and 79 Market Street.
au22

GRAND OPENING
OF
FALL DRY GOODS
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
THIS WEEK.
AT 92 MARKET STREET.
Good Prints, Fast Colors, 25 Cents.
SPLENDID BARGAINS IN
SILKS,
MERINOS,
DELAINES.
au25

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
94 Wood street.

The attention of the trade is invited to the superior stock, always to be had on hand, equal in extent to that of many
EASTERN HOUSES,
And surpassed by none in the West, among which may be found
PRINTS,
DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS,
COBURGS,
BLACK SILKS
WOOL DE LAINES,
AMERICAN DE LAINES,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
FRENCH CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
BLACK DOESKINS,
TRICOTS,
ALL WOOL TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
DENIMS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TWEEDS,
ERMINES,
SATTINETS.
Also a full line of
DOMESTIC GOODS.
All goods bought for cash and sold at a small advance.
jun9-tf

CLOTHING.

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

GREAT
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER CLOTHING.
The undersigned now offer the balance of their stock of SUMMER CLOTHING at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
In order to dispose of the same before the FALL TRADE sets in. At the same time we inform the public that we have already received a large and well assorted line of Goods, suitable for the FALL TRADE, consisting of Heavy, Dark and Light Colored
Cassimere Suits,
PANTS AND VESTS,
CASSIMERE AND FLANNEL SHIRTS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS;
We also have a great variety of
White Shirts; Hats;
Silk, Linen, and Cotton Handkerchiefs;
Linen and Paper Collars,
Neckties and Scarfs;
Kid, Leather, Woolen and
Cotton Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Suspenders;
Silk and Gingham Umbrellas,
And a great

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

ROBBERY IN WASHINGTON COUNTY.—A telegraphic dispatch was received in this city yesterday, announcing that the store of Mr. Michael Alter, of Cookstown, Washington county, had been entered on the previous night, and robbed of a large quantity of valuable goods.

ACCIDENT TO A LOCOMOTIVE.—Yesterday morning's mail engine belonging to the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company was crossing a bridge or side track over Etna street, in the Fifth ward, the structure gave way and precipitated the engine upon the street, damaging it considerably. James McBain, the engineer, and John Hardy, the fireman, escaped with slight bruises. Workmen were engaged yesterday in removing the engine from the street. The bridge, which was built of pine timbers is a complete wreck.

FATAL ACCIDENT—About ten o'clock yesterday morning, Elizabeth, the little daughter of Thos. McLaughlin, residing in Chartiers township, was run over and instantly killed while playing on the road near her parent's residence. It appears that while the child was playing, a three-horse coal team, drawing a heavy wagon, was approaching and she attempted to get out of the way when the leading horse struck her, and the front wheels of the wagon passed entirely over her. The coroner held an inquest on the body, and the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the foregoing facts. Deceased was only eight years of age.

DEATH OF DR. J. BROOKS.—One of the oldest and most respected citizens of this city, Dr. J. Brooks, died yesterday afternoon at his residence, from heart disease. Doctor Brooks had called upon his patients during the morning, as usual, and on returning to his residence complained of feeling unwell. He immediately retired to his room, and as he was about to lay down on his bed was suddenly seized with a severe attack of illness. Medical aid was hastily summoned, but before it reached him he was dead. Dr. Brooks was a native of New Jersey, and came to this city thirty-five years ago, since which he has resided in or near our midst, and, with the single exception of Dr. Speer, was the eldest practitioner in the city, enjoying a large practice. The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

Base Ball.

An interesting base ball match, between the Enterprise and Lincoln clubs, was played yesterday afternoon on the West Commons, Allegheny, there being a large number of spectators. The Enterprise won the game, as will be seen by the subjoined score. We learn that the Athletic club, from Philadelphia, will be here next week to play with the Enterprise club. The following is yesterday's score:

ENTERPRISE.	RUNS.	H.	L.	LINCOLN.	RUNS.	H.	L.
Brocket, 2d b....	4	2		Rinehart C. C., r. f.	3	3	
Graham, r. f.....	1			Smith, 1st b.....	3	3	
Logan, c.....	2			McClintock W., p.	3	2	
Bryant, l. f.....	3	4		McClintock T., c.	3	3	
Peel, 3d b.....	3			Irwin Jerry, 3d b...	1	3	
Kreiner, p.....	2			Salisbury, s. s.	3	3	
Bower, s. s.....	1			Rinehart F., 2d b..	3	2	
Irwin, 1st b.....	4			Bryan, l. f.....	1	4	
Telford, c.	1			Carpenter, c.	1		
Total.....	27			Total.....	21		

INNINGS.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	
Enterprise.....	4	2	9	0	6	2	6	2	2	2—27
Lincoln.....	6	3	0	2	4	3	0	1	2	1—21

THE BOYD'S HILL MYSTERY.

The Latest Developments.

The Coroner's jury, in the case of the Boyd's Hill murder met again at the Mayor's office last evening. No new facts calculated to throw light upon the affair have been developed. Conner Clawson, the principal witness, who fell in defending our homes, and the dear old flag. Therefore

Resolved, That the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in select and Common Councils assembled, do grant and donate to said association the northeast corner of the lower basin lot, in the city of Pittsburgh, as a site for said monument, and that a committee of five, two from the Select, and three from the Common Council be appointed to confer with the Committee on Design and Location of said monument.

On motion the resolution was adopted, and Messrs. McCandless, Davis and Bown appointed on Committee on the part of the S. C., concurred, and appointed Messrs. Phillips and Brown.

Mr. Manchester presented a communication from David McKnight, and others, in reference to property at the lower basin, asking for an extension of their leases. Referred to same Committee on Property.

Mr. Hunnicut offered the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, A most brutal and revolting murder has recently been perpetrated in our midst, and is so enshrouded in mystery as to baffle the best efforts of the Mayor and his police. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Mayor, in conjunction with the Police Committee, be authorized to offer such reward for the apprehension of the murderers as to them may seem proper.

Read three times and passed.

S. C. non-concurred. Whereupon Mr. Morrow offered the following substitute, which was adopted:

Resolved That the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to offer a reward of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons engaged in the murder in the Eighth ward, on Wednesday, the 23d inst.

C. C. receded from its former action and concurred with S. C.

The bill of Mr. John Magee, for grading, paving and curbing in front of the City Water Works building, and along Laughlin alley, amounting to $679 85, was read and referred to Water Committee.

On motion, adjourned.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—MRS. Ellie Henderson was greeted last evening with a large and fashionable audience, which testified to a successful engagement. The admired play of "Fanchon" was well enacted throughout, and the actors and actresses were liberally rewarded. To-night Mrs. Henderson will appear in the title role in "Lena, the Street Singer," a pleasing drama.

OPERA HOUSE.—There was as usual, a large audience here last evening, and "Ingomar, the Barbarian" will be performed. To-night, the sterling comedy of "The Serious Family," with the principal members of the excellent stock company in the cast, will be performed. A favorite play will conclude the entertainment.

BLIND TOM.—A large audience assembled at Masonic Hall last evening, to hear the blind colored boy pianist. His performances on the piano are truly wonderful, and elicited rapturous applause. Professor Wamering performed an original composition on the piano, when Blind Tom, immediately after it was finished, sat down and performed it with admirable precision. His powers of imitation are great, and he gives many ludicrous scenes, which keeps his audience in the best of humor. He is certainly a prodigy in the line of humor. He gives an entertainment to-night, worth seeing. He gives an entertainment to-night.

THE ALLEGHENY POISONING CASE.

The Hearing Before the Mayor Postponed —More Developments.

Yesterday afternoon at two o'clock, the hour fixed for the hearing of Mrs. Martha Grinder, the alleged poisoner, before the Mayor, fifteen more ladies, who had been subpœnaed as witnesses, presented themselves at the office for the purpose of giving in their evidence. The prisoner was brought from the county prison, and presented a very dejected appearance. She was accompanied by her husband and little daughter, who took seats beside her. Prof. Wuth, the chemist, was in attendance, and stated to the Mayor that he had in attendance, and stated to the Mayor that he had analyzed the papers of drugs found in Mrs. Grinder's house, and had discovered the presence of poison in only one package. He was not, however, prepared to report definitely, but would be enabled to do so in a few days. After consultation with the counsel in the case, the Mayor postponed the hearing until Wednesday, September 6th, and in the meantime the bodies of Mrs. Grinder and Miss Buchanan will be exhumed, and their stomachs analyzed. The defendant was conducted back to jail by officer Herron.

Several new cases of attempts at poisoning on the part of Mrs. Grinder were developed yesterday. Mrs. Carter Anderson, a resident of the Seventh ward visited her house while she resided on Penn street, and after drinking a glass of water handed her by Mrs. Grinder, became very sick and vomited violently. She, however, recovered shortly afterwards. Some months ago, Mrs. Grinder visited the house of Mrs. Reynolds, near the corner of Wood and Fourth street, and assisted Mrs. R. to cook the supper. Mrs. Morningstar, a neighbor, was also present. After supper both these women were taken violently ill. Mrs. Morningstar being seized with such an intense burning sensation in the stomach that she was afraid she would die. She, however, got home. The poison had been placed in the tea, of which Mrs. M. had drunk heartily. Mrs. R. did not like the taste of the tea, and drank but moderately, but still she became quite ill. They both got better, however and in a few days after Mrs. G. invited Mrs. R. to her house, and gave her a second dose of poison, from the effects of which she recovered. It was remarked that Mrs. R. and her family were the only persons at the table at Mr. Reynolds', and there were suspicions that poison had been used, but Mrs. G. blamed another woman, and succeeded in allaying all suspicion by bestowing unusual attention and care upon the sick.

Mrs. Johnston, of Allegheny, who is supposed to have been poisoned by Mrs. Grinder, is quite ill, but she is still very ill, but strong hopes are entertained of her recovery. Her physician, Dr. Mahon, is rendering her all the assistance in his power.

A Fruit House for Pittsburgh.

A discovery has recently been made, no less valuable than it is novel, by which rooms may be at once kept at a temperature of 34°, and very dry. The use of cool chambers for preserving fruits, meats and vegetables, has long been in vogue in connection with ice houses, but the difficulty with packing houses, dampness occasioned by the sweating of the fruit and that existing naturally in the atmosphere of such a cold room, have caused decay. To remove this dampness an absorbent is now used, which makes the room, notwithstanding the sweating of the fruit, as dry as may be desired. Prof. Nyce, of Indiana, by experiments, proved that fruits, especially apples, pears and grapes, put in a chamber properly constructed, cooled by ice and made dry by proper absorbents, could be kept, without decay or loss of flavor, from one gathering time to another.

At Cleveland a house has been constructed upon the plan of Prof. Nyce's patent, in which the fruit is in good condition, to the present time, apples and grapes of last year's gathering. A number of our citizens have been examining the Cleveland house, and Mr. Davenport, opposite Cincinnati, and are endeavoring, by a little joint company, to secure the erection of one here. Large buildings of the same kind are being erected in Detroit, Chicago and St. Louis by associations formed for the purpose of erecting them. The project is a good one here, from which we may have apples, pears and grapes in good condition the year round; and lemons, oranges and pine apples at moderate rates the first of the year when none can be found elsewhere. As a matter of comfort, especially for the sick, the fruits of such a house are exceedingly desirable. Any of our citizens who have fine autumn apples and grapes from the Cleveland house, can do us and the public a favor by calling on Mr. Nyce, at the Board of Trade rooms on Wood street, next door to the First Presbyterian Church.

WILL NOT RECOVER.—Wm. Gilliland, the young man injured in Allegheny city, on Saturday night of last week, by being struck on the head with a skillet by Thomas Cargo, was much worse yesterday, and his friends entertained no hopes of his recovery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A Situation by a Man who has had five years experience in every department of the oil business. Best references given. Address city given. BOX 206. Allegheny City, Pa.

OIL CITY SALOON FOR SALE. THE COQUETTE SALOON.

At the west end of Oil Creek Bridge, in Oil City, is now offered for sale. This is the finest Saloon in the Oil Regions, and is doing a good business. There are four rooms, Bar-room, Parlor Bed-room and Kitchen, all well furnished. The whole house is well stocked and the rooms contain the finest collection of pictures in the city. The sale will include the lease and everything in the establishment. Price $2 000. Inquire of the Proprietor, JOHN SWEENEY.

au29-3mtaw

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA

Express and Exchange Company,

84 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.

California Coupons bought or collected.

Drafts made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.

Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.

Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.

Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.

Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house for which they issue Drafts in Gold Dust payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.

California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

je21-6m

1865. CAPE MAY 1865.

BY

WEST JERSEY RAILROAD,

From Foot of Market street, Upper Ferry.

8.30 A. M.—MAIL AND EXPRESS. Due at 12 M.

2.30 P. M.—PASSENGER. Due at 6.45 P. M.

4.30 P. M.—EXPRESS. Due at 7.45 P. M.

Fare, $3 00. Servants, $2 00.

EXCURSION TICKETS, $5 00. COUPON TICKETS, to be used by one person, 10 for $15.

☞ Passengers and baggage taken to and from the Island and Station without additional charge.

FREIGHT DAILY.

From Sandford's Wharf, below Spruce street.

RETURNING TRAINS leave Cape May at 5.30 A. M., Mail; 8 A. M., Express; 3 P. M., Accommodation; 8.20 A. M., Freight.

J. VAN RENSSALAER, Sup't.

Philadelphia, July 24, 1865.

THE WEST JERSEY EXPRESS COMPANY will attend to all the usual branches of express business, receive, deliver and forward through other responsible Express Companies, to all parts of the country, all packages entrusted to their care. A Special Messenger accompanies each through train.

jy31-3ep1

EINSTEIN, ROSENFELD & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 8, Broad St.,

NEW YORK.

We draw at sight, and at sixty days, on LONDON, PARIS, FRANKFORT, and all other principal cities of Europe.

Parties opening current accounts, may deposit and draw at their convenience, the same as with the CITY BANKS, and will be allowed interest on all balances over ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, at the rate of FOUR per cent. per annum. Orders for the purchase or sale of various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, executed on Commission. my29-3mtaw

CHECK, TIME, DRAFT, NOTE, RECEIPT and ORDER BOOKS, Printed and for sale by

W. S. HAVEN, Corner Wood and Third streets.

jy24

DUPLICATING IMPRESSION PAPER, MUCILAGE, CARMINE INK, and ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUID, For sale at the Stationery store of W. S. HAVEN, Corner Wood and Third streets.

au24

FISH—

20 barrels new Baltimore Herring,
25 barrels No. 3 Large Mackerel,
25 half barrels do
20 bbls No. 2 do
25 kits No. 2 do
50 half bbls Lake Herring,
25 half bbls White Fish,
20 half bbls Trout.

For sale by
je5-tf J. B. CANFIELD.

PRODUCE.—

50 bbls. Green Apples;
2 " Flaxseed;
" Eggs.
2,000 lbs. Buckwheat Flour. In store and for sale by
ja27 J. S. DILWORTH & CO., Nos. 190 and 192 Second street.

CHARLES DUFFIELDS,

BEST SUGAR-CURED HAMS,

In store and for sale by

COOK BROS. & CO., No. 12 Smithfield street.

HALL PAPERS—

In panel decorations—new and handsome—at No. 107 Market street.

my29 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

N. HOLMES & SONS, BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street, Pittsburgh,

Buy and sell at market rates
U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 Bonds.
U. S. do. 1881 Bonds.
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. one year certificates.
And all other U. S. Securities. Bank Notes and Coin.

Stocks and Bonds of Every description

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

au29

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

JNO. D. BAILEY, PRES'T. | JOHN SCOTT, JR., V. P
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS AUG. 28, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 6's, 1881	107 00	107 50
United States 5-20's		102 00
United States 7-30's		99 62½
United States Certificates	97 25	.....
Gold	1 40	.....
Allegheny County 5's	70 00	.....
Pittsburgh 5's	69 50	.....
Mechanic's Insurance Co		30 00
Cash Insurance		60 00
Exchange National Bank	70 00	.....
Fourth National	110 00	120 00
Fifth City National Bank	80 00	.....
Merchants' and Manufacs' National	80 00	.....
Third National	125 00	.....
Banks:		
Columbia	25 00	40
Commercial		75
Cherry Run and Pithole		55
Oil Creek and Pittsburgh		85
Central Basin		75
Eldorado		90
Merchants'		75
Murray		75
Oil Basin		7 50
Oildo Valley		90
Philadelphia, Lancaster & Cherry Run		1 15
Pithole		85
Union Lubric		35
Whitely Creek		2 00
Phillips		3 00
Phœnix		1 10

SALES OF

$4,000 U. S. 6's, 1881, at.....107 90

MONDAY, August 28—P. M.

The local stock market was very bare of transactions to-day. Scarcely enough of sales took place to establish any fair quotations. Oil shares, particularly were not inquired for much, and those on the list most active the past week are receding from the advance gained. We heard of a sale of Ritchie at 61c, and 1,000 shares Cherry Run and Pithole at 65c. Columbia has not touched bottom yet, and the feeling among holders of it is by no means confident to-day. There are many of the oil operators in this stock ready to take it up greatly whenever it falls to $25, but whether the holders will gratify them that far has not transpired. The low price of oil has a depressing effect upon all oil stocks, and there is a general waiting for the oil market to take a favorable turn. The season now is most at hand when it usually does so to come.

The New York Stock Exchange has passed a resolution unanimously declaring that any member at tending what is known as the "Evening Stock Exchange," or sending an order there, directly or indirectly, shall, by that act, cease to be a member. This action has not been taken too soon. The "evening exchange" has become a perfect nuisance in this city, and for a merchant to be seen there was as discreditable as to be found in the gambling houses with which it was surrounded. The "evening exchange" is now effectually suppressed a similar resolution on a rule of ninety-seven to seventeen.

—The European advices in regard to the crops have given new strength to the grain market and to railway property. Without a large export of breadstuffs the railroads are in possession of sufficient traffic to continue their dividends. With an active demand for grain they will be able to name their own prices, and place large amounts of money in the stock thain during the war. An export of grain will, of course, largely enable the railroads to cheapen their cost of repairs and running expenses.

The amount of currency issued during the week ending August 19, was $30,053,900, and the total issue up to that date, $372,864,490.

—Certificates of indebtedness to the amount of $9,230,000, and mutilated notes and currency to the amount of $1,000, were redeemed at the Treasury Department last week.

—The Chicago *Tribune* says: "It appears from a statement made by Cole, Summer & Co., the bankers at Lake Mahopac, who were obliged to suspends recently, owing to the failure of Ketchum, Son & Co., of New York, that their entire indebtedness to depositors is $63,000, to cover which they had assets amounting to only $28,000, including the $13,000 they had in Ketchum's bank, which will be a total loss. Of this amount they have only $9,375 with which to meet their indebtedness of $47,000. The consequence is that the depositors, of course, are the greatest sufferers. The B. B. B. will be well stocked and the rooms contain the finest collection of pictures in the city. The sale will include the lease and everything in the establishment. Price $2 000. Inquire of the Proprietor, JOHN SWEENEY.

au29-3mtaw

New York Grocery Market.

Coffee.—The market for this has again been pretty active to-day, especially for the good and better grades which continue very firm. Sales of 1,000 bags Rio at 35½c per pound, and 1,000 bags Maracaibo at 35½c. Also 1,000 bags Java, 40c do per Brazilian, 14½@15 do per Ceylon, 14½ do per Jamaica, 14½@15 do per Laguayra, 14½ do per Sandingo, 14½ do per Mocha, and gold in bond and duty paid Maracaibo at 35½c per pound. Also 1,000 bags Rio, and 1,000 bags Maracaibo, private terms. Besides the sales reported above, a large amount of business has been done in Brazil from second hands, of which no specific record can be obtained. The demand for all kinds of coffee is unusually large, and the market is firm.

Sugar.—The market for raw continues active, refiners and the trade still buying freely, and a further advance of ¼c per pound is established for the week. Sales of Cuba, fair good to fully good and fair refining at 12½@12¾c. Also, 1,000 hhds. Muscovado, 12½@12¾c. Refined is in active request, and prices are firm and tending upward. We have sales of No. 12 white, 15½@15¾c; No. 13, 15¾@15¾c; No. 14, 15¾@15¾c; No. 15, 15¾@15¾c; No. 16, 15¾@15¾c; No. 17, 15¾@15¾c; No. 18, 15¾@15¾c; No. 19, 15¾@15¾c; No. 20, 15¾@15¾c; No. 21, 15¾@15¾c; No. 22, 15¾@15¾c; No. 23, 15¾@15¾c; No. 24, 15¾@15¾c; No. 25, 15¾@15¾c; No. 26, 15¾@15¾c; No. 27, 15¾@15¾c; No. 28, 15¾@15¾c; No. 29, 15¾@15¾c; No. 30, 15¾@15¾c; No. 31, 15¾@15¾c; No. 32, 15¾@15¾c; No. 33, 15¾@15¾c; No. 34, 15¾@15¾c; No. 35, 15¾@15¾c; No. 36, 15¾@15¾c; No. 37, 15¾@15¾c; No. 38, 15¾@15¾c; No. 39, 15¾@15¾c; No. 40, 15¾@15¾c; No. 41, 15¾@15¾c; No. 42, 15¾@15¾c; No. 43, 15¾@15¾c; No. 44, 15¾@15¾c; No. 45, 15¾@15¾c; No. 46, 15¾@15¾c; No. 47, 15¾@15¾c; No. 48, 15¾@15¾c; No. 49, 15¾@15¾c; No. 50, 15¾@15¾c; No. 51, 15¾@15¾c; No. 52, 15¾@15¾c; No. 53, 15¾@15¾c; No. 54, 15¾@15¾c; No. 55, 15¾@15¾c; No. 56, 15¾@15¾c; No. 57, 15¾@15¾c; No. 58, 15¾@15¾c; No. 59, 15¾@15¾c; No. 60, 15¾@15¾c; No. 61, 15¾@15¾c; No. 62, 15¾@15¾c; No. 63, 15¾@15¾c; No. 64, 15¾@15¾c; No. 65, 15¾@15¾c; No. 66, 15¾@15¾c; 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